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OLD SERIES—VOL. LXIII—NO 3,933

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1898.

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FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER,

A BRYAN DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER.

The OBSERVER is the leading advocate in North Carolina of the policy of turning out the present Goldbug Fusion Government, now disgracing the State, by a reunion of the whites whom VANCE led to victory. It is for **WHITE REUNION** against **BLACK FUSION.**

It opposes any political movement by Democrats outside of the Democratic organization. It stands by every plank in the Chicago platform, as the true expression of Democracy. Accepting the restoration of "White Supremacy" as the paramount issue, it believes that the Democracy should lose no time in shaping its course to that end. It is plain that the blacks, who rigidly drew the color line in the late election, will not assist the whites in the restoration of white supremacy. It is equally plain that the Republican allies of the blacks, who have demonstrated their negrophilism by thirty years of fusion with the blacks, will not assist in restoring white supremacy. The Observer therefore favors consideration of the question, "How shall the reunion of the two wings of Vance's Democracy be effected," so that the masses of the Democratic party may be justly represented in the next Convention. It is unalterably opposed to fusion—that is, to any political combination which requires a sacrifice of Democratic principles as duly expressed by the party.

Daily Edition, $3.50 per annum.
Weekly Edition, $1,00 per annum.
E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.
E. J. HALE, JR., Business Man g'r

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We have a few second hand machines of other makes for sale, also supplies.

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(Menton this paper.)

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed that Dr. Klimer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfils every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet both sent free by mail, upon receipt of three two-cent stamps to cover cost of postage on the bottle. Mention the OBSERVER and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY and active gentlemen or ladies to travel for responsible, established house in North Carolina. Monthly $65.00 and expenses. Position steady. Reference Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. R. Chicago

The Message of McKinley.

Will say, don't let your store of Rice's Goose Grease fall into the hands of the Spaniards, as it is a grand remedy for such a race. It cures every time.—Adv't.

THE JEFFERSON DAY BANQUET.

Democracy's Great Annual Festival—Jefferson's Birthday was Celebrated in Washington, Wednesday Night.

The Washington Post says:

As at the banquet of a year ago, Mr. Bryan was the guest of honor and the principal speaker. The ovation tendered the Nebraskan demonstrated that he is still the idol of the Democratic Party, for the voice of the party was heard last night, all its Senators and Representatives in Congress being present, with very few exceptions. While Mr. Bryan was the special guest, there were also present many Democratic leaders of national renown, including Hon. Richard Croker, Oliver Belmont, and John C. Sheehan, of Tammany Hall, New York; Senator Jones, Senator White, and distinguished Democrats and silver leaders from all parts of the United States.

Entering the main hall, where the tables were spread, a scene of splendor greeted the gaze. Five handsomely decorated tables, extending the entire length of the hall, were laden with delicacies. Just in front of the stage at the southern end of the hall, the guests' table was arranged, extending crosswise.

MR. BRYAN'S ENTRANCE.

The guests had just been seated when, at 8:10 o'clock, Hon. William J. Bryan appeared at the main door of the hall on the arm of Hon. Chauncey F. Black, President of the National Association of Democratic Clubs. Mr. Black escorted the leader of the silver forces down the center aisle to the guests' table, amid the wildest enthusiasm. All those present arose, waving kerchiefs and cheering at the top of their voices. Some one shouted "Three cheers for Williams Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska," and the assemblage responded with an enthusiastic will that fairly shook the large building.

As the party took their seats at the head table the orchestra burst forth with the inspiring strains of "America," the entire company joining in singing the national anthem. The enthusiasm created by the whole souled singing was so great that Mr. Bryan found himself unconsciously joining in the chorus. The colored waiters also entered into the spirit of the moment, and vigorously sang the patriotic lines.

When all the guests had been seated a flash-light photograph of the assemblage was taken from the balcony, Mr. Bryan standing surrounded by his fellow diners at the guests' table.

While the orchestra was silent and the quintet were enjoying the feast the diners sang many impromptu verses, all ending with the chorus that became famous during the campaign of 1896. "He's coming, boys; he's coming, he's coming night and day; he's coming from Nebraska, and he's coming here to stay—William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska," and other campaign songs, which kept the air lively.

A TOAST TO JEFFERSON.

Just as the cigars were being served President Black rapped loudly for order, and finally secured it. He said: "It becomes my duty to night to welcome you, gentlemen, to our banquet board. As President of the association tendering this entertainment it is also my duty to introduce to you the Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, who will conduct the future proceedings of this gathering. I now have the honor to present to you Senator James K. Jones, of Arkansas." Loud applause greeted Senator Jones as he arose and began:

"Gentlemen, we are assembled here tonight to do honor to the man who desired to be remembered to posterity as the author of the Declaration of Independence, as the writer of the laws of Virginia, and as the founder of the University of Virginia. Thomas Jefferson stood on the doctrine that all men were born free and equal, and no man has arisen since his time that has more clearly comprehended these rights than this man. We have with us tonight a man who has endeared himself to every true believer in Democracy as taught by Thomas Jefferson, who has sent a thrill of joy and hope to all men of the civilized globe. It is my honor now, gentlemen, to call upon Hon. William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska, to respond to the toast which I now propose 'Thomas Jefferson.'"

The company silently arose and drained their cups, and a moment later burst into applause as Mr. Bryan was left standing. Three cheers were again proposed for the hero of the evening, and were responded to with the same vigor that characterized the first plaudits of the evening.

MR. BRYAN'S SPEECH.

Mr. Bryan said in part:

"Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen: It is a year since we celebrated the last birthday of Thomas Jefferson in this city, and under the auspices of the National Association of Democratic Clubs. And during the year through which we have just passed the principles of Thomas Jefferson have received each month some new vindication. If a year ago there were reasons for us to renew our faith in the principles of this man, there are still more tonight. In the principles of Thomas Jefferson are expressed all that there is in Democracy. Through his principles we should be able to solve every question that arises in peace or in war. The principles of Jefferson are the definition of Democracy as it stands today. And it is a definition broad enough to include in its limits every true believer in Jefferson.

"The Democracy of today knows no sections. It extends alike from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the Great Lakes to the Gulf of Mexico. To be a Democrat means something. The principle of Democracy, as crystallized in the definition of Jeffersonianism, is greater today than it was a year ago. We have seen that the opposition to the principles of Jefferson is proving a failure wherever and whenever it has been tried. Today, in the complexity of the situation that confronts the American people, we have to solve many problems; yet these principles of Jefferson may solve them all. The Chicago platform stood as did Thomas Jefferson for equal rights to all, and special privileges granted to none. Jefferson's principles meet any and every question that arises. Taxation, as administered by the Republican Party, is not in accordance with the law of equal rights to all."

TAXATION IN TIME OF PERIL.

Mr. Bryan then spoke of the fact that the stand taken by the Democratic Party in favor of an income tax was being vindicated with every succeeding day. Events are daily developing, he said to show the truth of what Justice Brown said—that the decision of the Supreme Court against the tax would rise up some day to paralyze the government.

"We have now reached a time of peril," said Mr. Bryan, "when we can consider this decision and understand fully what it means. When the government is in need of ready funds it cannot draft the wealth of the rich, who are more amply protected by it than the poor people, who have no property whatever. The government may go today to the mother and take from her her only son, and it may go to the wife and take from her her beloved husband, and send them to war, but the government cannot touch the fortunes of the rich. In the name of Thomas Jefferson I tonight denounce the policy that places the miser's dollar above the mother's son or the wife's husband. The time has not yet come when the dollar is better than the man in this country.

"Now, my friends, this is but one direction in which the principles of Jefferson have been vindicated. The principles of this man would make the trust impossible. One of my friends the other day, hearing that confidence had been restored by the Republican administration, looked in the dictionary to find out just what the word confidence meant. And what do you suppose he found? That one of the definitions of confidence was trust. (Great applause and laughter.) Therefore if confidence means trusts, no one can deny that it has been restored. The last year has brought vividly to the minds of the people that the trusts of this country are growing, and that those of us who cannot combine with the rich must be the helpless victims of an aggregation of wealth."

NOT THE ENEMIES OF PROPERTY.

"We do not come here tonight, my friends, as the enemies of property, nor in favor of taking one man's property and giving it to another, nor of taking the results of the labors of the industrious and giving them to the idle, but we come to preach the doctrines of Jefferson that the man should be satisfied with what he earns, and should not desire to take the property of other men. We regard the trust as a menace to the industrial welfare of the nation, and the political welfare as well. We do not desire that when our sons shall enter politics they shall be compelled to bend their knee to some aggregation of wealth before they may hope to be successful.

"My friends, the Chicago platform of 1896 would not have been so bitterly opposed by the capitalists of this country had it not contained such a vigorous denunciation of the trusts and monopolies. But the Chicago platform will stand for all future; it covers all the great questions now before the people for consideration. When the Chicago platform denounced the gold standard, it was builded upon the principles of Jefferson that it is as wrong to steal by law as it is to steal by highwaymanship; the only difference being that those who steal by law have not the courage of the highway man. If any one doubted our principles in 1896 they cannot doubt them now. When President McKinley sent a monetary commission abroad to seek for harmonious action for bimetallism it was was a virtual acknowledgment that this country could not prosper under the gold standard. At Chicago, in 1896, we decided that this country should declare in favor of free silver without waiting for the other nations of the world. No one can doubt but that we were right since our monetary commission has been spanked by England and sent home.

SYMPATHY WITH STRUGGLING CUBANS.

"It is not strange that those who believe in the principles of Jefferson sympathize with those who are struggling to establish a free government. If any doubt ever existed as to the cruelty and suffering in Cuba all doubt has been removed by the testimony of our own citizens who were eye-witnesses. The facts cannot be denied and justify the people of the United States in demanding that such warfare shall cease in Cuba. The facts are so evident that no European government can deny our right to intervene without defending the cruelty against which we protest.

"Proximity defines duties and fixes obligations. We might feel less interest in the struggle of the Cubans if we were farther removed from the scene, but we are so near that we cannot ignore that struggle. A man may be indifferent to the erection of a slaughter-house in another country, but he has a right to object to the erection of a slaughter-house near to his home.

"The Cubans have earned their right to be free. Our right to recognize the independence of the Cuban government can be defended upon the ground that our interests are involved, as well as upon the ground of humanity. Spanish rule in Cuba has resulted in a generation of revolt, and Spain has shown herself impotent to quell insurrection and restore order. We have a right to protest against the continuance of such a government so near our shores as to disturb our industrial and political life.

"If we are asked for a specific grievance, we can point to the destruction of the Maine and the death of our sailors. If the Maine was destroyed by the connivance of Spanish officials, it was a crime too great to be described by words. If it was destroyed without official connivance, then we can not tolerate so near us the existence of a government which is so careless as to allow the destruction of a friendly ship."

Death of a Former Minister to France.

By cable to the Observer.

Paris, April 16.—Hon. Robert McLane, a former United States Minister to France, died suddenly this morning.

When Traveling

Whether on pleasure bent or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches, and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Only.

M. L Yocum, Cameron, Pa., says "I was a sufferer for ten years, trying most all kinds of pile remedies, but without success. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was recommended to me I used one box. It has effected a permanent cure." As a permanent cure for piles DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has no equal. King Bros.

A Singular Historical Fact.

Red Springs Citizen.]

It is stated in Carroll's History of the United States that no pensions were paid to South Carolina soldiers for their services in the Revolutionary war. No muster rolls were kept, men came and went as they pleased, and it was impossible to verify any statement or services by any record.

The great victory at King's Mountain was achieved by men who volunteered for a great emergency. No man has ever seen a King's Mountain muster roll.

South Carolina passed an ordinance pensioning her own soldiers and about $20,000 was expended. A large proportion refused to receive a pension.

In our State many neglected or refused to receive any pay for services rendered. Gen. Joseph Graham made no application for pension till he was a very old man. Col. Thomas Robeson paid his men in 1781 after the battle of Elizabethtown about £15,000 or about $75,000 out of his own funds. The Government never rewarded him for his services as an officer nor refunded any part of the large amount advanced by him in payment of his soldiers' wages, and also quartermaster claims.

Republics are ever ungrateful.

Water as a Stimulant.

Baltimore Sun.]

According to the People's Health Journal of Chicago, water has properties not generally credited to it either by temperance people or topers. It would seem that water sipped acts as a powerful stimulant to the circulation, a thing which is not true of ordinary drinking. "During the act of sipping the action of the nerve which shows the beats of the heart is abolished, and as a consequence that organ contracts much more rapidly, the pulse beats more quickly and the circulation in various parts of the body is increased." But this is not all: "A glass of cold water, slowly sipped, will produce greater acceleration of the pulse for a time than will a glass of wine or spirits taken at a draft." It is added that "it may not be out of place to mention in this connection that sipping cold water will often allay the craving for alcohol in those who have been in the habit of taking too much of it and who may be endeavoring to reform, the effect being probably due to the stimulant action of the sipping." If this be true, both drinking men and prohibitionists can find a common meeting place and can toast each other in bumpers of sparkling water. The bon vivant can secure the exhilarating effect which he loves simply by sipping the great temperance beverage, and the total abstainer. who has heretofore, possibly, envied the dram drinker's lively experiences, can indulge in the wildest and most harmless sort of a "jag" by slowly absorbing his favorite tipple.

Bryan Treated Justly.

Mail and Express.]

The Mail and Express would be unjust to itself if in the course of its continuous protest against Mr. William J. Bryan's political purposes it neglected any opportunity to pay honest tribute to that gentleman's admirable qualities as an American patriot. It is, therefore, a pleasure to say that Mr. Bryan's address last evening in the city of Atlanta was eminently worthy of the time and occasion, that it was just the sort of talk that his audience wanted to hear and that it was in perfect accord with the dominant sentiment of the nation in the present crisis.

To those who have honorably opposed Mr. Bryan upon the turbulent field of political controversy his ringing declaration for the honor of the flag will cause no surprise whatever. He has more than once demonstrated that beneath his partisan's armor beats the patriot's heart, and that it needed only some serious emergency, like that which now confronts the government to call him to a loftier plane in the confidence and respect of his countrymen than he has occupied heretofore.

The result has been splendidly accomplished, and by his eloquent and inspiring speech in Atlanta Mr. Bryan now presents himself as the fearless representative of a thoroughly nationalized Union whose interests can not be divided by sectional lines, whose welfare is common cause and whose people are banded together heart, soul and hand in defense of the Stars and Stripes. He is no longer Bryan of Nebraska, but Bryan of America.

Etiquette of State.

Woman's Home Companion.

The wife of the President makes and returns no visits. The wife of the Vice President pays first visit only to the wife of the President. The wives of the Senators make first calls on the wife of the President, the wife of the Vice-President, the wives of the Ambassadors, the ladies of the supreme court, and upon each other in the order of the length of service of their husbands in the Senate. The wife of the Vice President holds receptions on Wednesdays, Cabinet day, because her husband is a member of the President's Cabinet, while the day of receiving for Senators' wives is Thursday, between the hours of 3 and 6 in the afternoon. These receptions begin after the 1st of January, and continue to be held until Lent begins. Some ladies observe the day for receiving all the time Congress is in session. The customary preparations for holding an afternoon reception are to station one man at the drive to open and shut carriages, and another at the hall door to receive callers and take cards. The hostess receives the visitors standing near the door of the entrance, and is dressed in a high-neck gown, which may otherwise be as elaborate as taste may dictate. Visitors may be announced by name to the hostess by an usher, or may speak their names themselves.

Any person is at liberty to make the visits at the homes of Senators, and all persons are cordially received. Those leaving cards expect their visits to be returned; resident and non-resident sight-seers, who call without introduction of any sort, do not leave cards. A large proportion of the official folk owe first calls to the ladies of the Senate, the ladies of the Cabinet, the wives of foreign Ministers and the wives of the members of the House of Congress. Those are termed "duty calls," and must be returned in person. A woman whose husband is in the "upper house" can be quite as exclusive as any lady of private position, if she so desire. The women of the Cabinet could not close their homes to the public, however much they might wish to do so.

Senate in Continuous Session.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, April 15.—This is expected to be the last day of the debate in the Senate. Notwithstanding the early hour of meeting, and the bad weather, the gallieries are densely packed. The Senators favoring recognition insist that they will secure a vote before they adjourn. An all night session is likely. Twenty members are scheduled to speak during the day and night. Most of the speeches will be brief. The Senators belonging to the peace syndicate may talk long. There are many conferences of the factions and they have failed of agreement. Notice has been given that the Senate will sit continuously.

Senator Collum began the debate in an impressive speech in favor of the majority report. He declared that the Maine disaster was a deliberate and atrocious murder. The people demand that the crime be avenged and that a blow be struck without delay. Can Spain be permitted to pursue her course in Cuba? It would destroy all patriots.

Senator Platt presented the resolutions of the republican editorial association of New York approving the President's course. Senator Berry, of Arkansas, was the next speaker. He argued in favor of the recognition of the Republic of Cuba.

The Senate pledges to remain in continuous session until a vote is had.

Nine republicans will oppose the Davis resolutions. When Senator Berry, of Arkansas, closed there was deafening applause. The Vice-President jumped to his feet and cried in angry tones, that there must be no more of this, and that he would be forced to clear the galleries if the demonstration was repeated. Senator Daniel, of Virginia, followed Senator Berry and said; "Diplomacy is ended, and we stand upon the edge of war." He favors the Turpie resolution, and accused the President of insincerity in his recommendations concerning Cuba. Senator Quay arose to defend the President. Senator Daniel asked if it was the purpose of the administration to send an army to Cuba to turn our guns in the face of Gomez, thus crushing a glorious revolution. Senator Quay answered that he would hang his head in shame if he thought such were the intentions of the House resolutions.

Upon the conclusion of Senator Daniels, Senator Tillman made a red-hot war speech, yielding temporarily to Senator Gray, who wanted to make himself clear in his position on the Cuban question. This brought on a lively tilt with Senator Daniels. Senator Tillman said: "Populists, Republicans and Democrats are we, but all of us are Americans, to make Cuba free."

To the County School Officers.

Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction,
Raleigh, April 11, 1898.

Gentlemen:—I have been informed that certain school officials have been offering their services as agents to handle school desks, school supplies, etc.

This is a dangerous business for a school officer, and this circular is sent out to show you what the law is on this subject:

AN ACT FOR THE PROTECTION OF EDUCATIONAL AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. That it shall be unlawful for any member of any board of directors, board of managers or board of trustees of any of the educational, charitable, eleemosynary or penal institutions of the State, or any member of any board of education, or any county or district superintendent of schools, or examiner of teachers, or any school trustee of any school or other institution supported in whole or in part from any of the public funds of the State, or any officer, agent, manager, teacher or employee of any said boards, to have any pecuniary interest, either directly or indirectly, proximately or remotely, in supplying any goods, wares or merchandise of any nature or kind whatsoever to any of said institutions or schools.

Sec. 2. Nor shall any of said officers, agents, managers, teachers or employees of said institutions or schools or State or county officers act as agent for any manufacturer, merchant, dealer, publisher or author for any article of merchandise to be used by any of said institutions or school, nor shall they receive, directly or indirectly, any gift, emolument, reward or promise of reward, for their influence in recommending or procuring the use of any manufactured article, goods, wares or merchandise of any nature or kind whatsoever for any of said institutions or schools.

Sec. 3. Any person violating the provision of this act shall be forthwith removed from his position in the public service, and shall, upon conviction, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and fined not less than fifty ($50) dollars, nor more than five ($500) hundred dollars, and be imprisoned in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 4. This act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 9th day of March, A. D. 1897.

Yours truly,
C. H. MEBANE,
Sup't Public Instruction.

Spain's Defiant Note.

By telegraph to the Observer.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The Spanish note was presented to the powers this afternoon. It indignantly denies that the Spanish officers are responsible for the Maine's destruction. Premier Sagasta says "It is an infamous calumny and merits the reprobation of the world. All nations and many Americans know the true cause of the disaster. For the American people to base a plea for intervention upon a heartless calumny of this character is to rebel against reason and justice. It is impossible for us to protest informally against the imputation." The note further says, the United States' consuls in Cuba and the rebel agents, when autonomy was promised the island, and the American squadron went to Cuba, inspired the insurgents to hold out. All these contentions are supported by documentary evidence, which the Spanish ministry asserts completely proves that bad faith has been displayed by the United States. It concludes by declaring that, having exhausted every means for maintaining peace, Spain is reluctantly compelled to prepare for war and fight for the maintenance of its rights and honor.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CAMERON NOTES.

CAMERON, N. C., April 13, 1898.

After several frosts in succession the fruit crop, generally speaking, of this section is assured. Without later frosts there will be plenty.

Alex. Turner has ripe strawberries in field unprotected from the cold, which demonstrates that this section of North Carolina can cope with the Atlantic Coast Line truckers if we would only rush it as they do.

Miss Minnie McIver who has been teaching at Whiteville, N. C., is at home for awhile.

Miss Lura Britton came home from Red Springs Seminary to spend Easter with parents and friends.

Mrs. W. H. Sikes and little daughters, Misses Grace and Bessie, of Swann's Station, spent Sunday in town with relatives.

Messrs. W. H. and Thomas Britton spent Sunday in town.

Miss Lillie Johnson spent Sunday with relatives near Vass, N. C.

Messrs Beck and Bilgen, of Southern Pines, were in town this week.

O.

PINEHURST ITEMS.

Easter service was held in the Village Hall last Sunday morning, Rev. R. B. Tobey conducted the service.

The Pinehurst Base Ball Club visited Southern Pines last Monday. They went, they saw, and they were conquered—15 to 9.

Golf still continues to fascinate the villagers, and every day groups can be seen wending their way to the golf links.

W. B. Goodwyn of Raleigh, N. C., was in town last week.

The regular hop was held in the Village Hall last Saturday evening. The grand march was led by Mr. Atwood and Mrs. Jenny.

Rev. E. I. Wilcox and wife of Providence, R. I., who have spent the entire winter here, have started for home, much to the regret of their many friends.

Professor M. L. Hawley and wife, who have occupied a suite in the Dartmouth, during the winter, returned to their home in Cortland, N. Y., last Monday. They will be greatly missed by the many friends they have made during their residence here.

The entertainment committee completed their work by providing a strawberry social last Thursday evening. Strawberries, ice cream and cake were served. The orchestra furnished music and Miss Pinkie Blake gave readings. It was a very enjoyable evening.

The basket picnic to Thagard's Mills proved a success. Although "Pompey," ladies, cart and all, had a runaway, and one of the carriage horses enjoyed standing on his head.

In the music room at the Holly Inn last Sunday evening the guests were entertained in an unusually pleasant way. The orchestra was at its best. Miss Eugenie Upham sang, and Miss Kate Sanborn gave readings.

Every train bears people northward.

There are certain girls who look lonely. But October is in the "sweet by and by." SOUTHERN GIRL.

Accidents.

Mr. Chas. Malloy fell from between two freight cars standing in front of the C. F. & Y. V. freight depot and broke his left arm in two places between the wrist and elbow, one of the bones protruding through the flesh. It is a severe and painful hurt.

Last week Mr. Will Burkett, the hostler at the C. F. & Y. V. shops, fell into the turntable, and received a number of painful injuries about his head and body. He was carried home in a semi conscious state.

The Mystic Thirteen.

The boy King of Spain is Alfonso XIII—he is 13 years of age; the first step in the war with Spain was taken on the 13th of April, the date that the House passed the Cuban resolutions; and the 13th of April was the actual commencement of the civil war, the firing on Fort Sumter.

The Jefferson Banquet.

The North Carolinians at the Jefferson Banquet in Washington, an account of which we publish in another column, were General W. R. Cox, Josephus Daniels, Ed. Chambers Smith, W. J. Mercer, Col. Wharton J. Green, Chas. N. Vance and Maj. E. J. Hale.

Gun Range at Sea.

The New York Herald, in reply to a question as to the range of big guns at sea, states that 8 miles is the limit, owing to the crushing force which would result were the gun to be elevated sufficiently to attain its maximum reach.

Shake Into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it *to-day.* Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. in stamps. Trial package FREE Address. Allen S Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Thirty five years make a generation That is how long Adolph Fisher, of Zanesville, O., suffered from piles. He was cured by using three boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. KING BROS.

Huske—Haigh.

Mr. Leighton Huske and Miss Mary Devereux Haigh were united in marriage at St. John's Episcopal Church Thursday evening by the Rector, Rev. I. W. Hughes, assisted by Rev. John Huske and Rev. Kirkland Huske, of New York, brothers of the groom.

At 8:30 o'clock the bridal party entered the church and proceeded up the left aisle, Lohengrin's wedding march filling the church with its lovely music. First came the ushers, Messrs. J. C. Thomson, Jr., A. B. Williams, Jr., F. T. Hale and W. H. Haigh. Next came the bridesmaides and groomsmen: Mr. J. A. Huske and Miss Lucy London; Mr. C. H. Haigh and Miss Annie Wetmore; Mr. Marsden Haigh and Miss Kate Underwood; Mr. J. B. Tillinghast and Miss Kate Broadfoot; Mr. Jno. H. Anderson and Miss May Broadfoot; Mr. Joe Pearce and Miss Maude Haigh. Then came the bride on the arm of her father, preceded by her lovely sister and maid of honor, Miss Alice Haigh.

When grouped around the exquisitely decorated chancel, while the impressive ceremony was being performed, the party presented a picture surpassingly beautiful.

After the ceremony a delightful reception was given at the home of the bride's father, Maj. Haigh, on Dick street, and here a great number of friends assembled and heartily congratulated the happy young couple. Here also were displayed a great number of handsome presents, such only as the most popular couple could receive.

To the beautiful bride, one of the loveliest of North Carolina's fair women, and her popular young husband, may the choicest of God's blessings be bestowed.

Kyle—Isler.

Mr. Jas. Kyle, Manager of the Wilmington Traffic Association, and Miss Barbara May Isler, daughter of Rev. Simon Isler, of Goldsboro, were united in marriage in the Goldsboro Presbyterian Church Thursday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock. Mr. J. W. Perrin was best man and Miss Annie Isler maid of honor. It is reported to have been one of the most beautiful weddings in the history of Goldsboro.

Mr. Kyle is a son of Capt. W. E. Kyle of this city, and is a young man of sterling business qualities, and has a promising future. His wife is a charming young lady, and is well-known in Fayetteville.

News of Interest.

Gov. Russell has declared the office of Chairman of the Railroad Commission vacent, thus ousting Caldwell.

The Daily Mail, of London, publishes this morning an interview with Joseph Panell Gibbins, the submarine expert, in which he ridicules the Spanish denials of his statement as to the sale by him of submarine mines to Spain and declares that he can prove that the United States warship was willfully and deliberately blown up.

The Easter German.

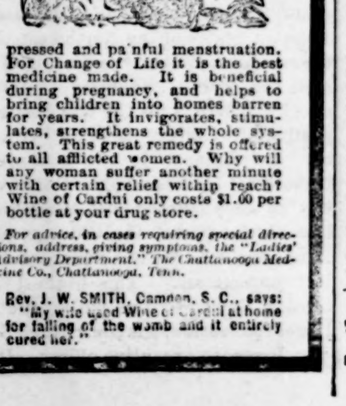
The Easter German last night at the Armory was a most enjoyable one. Among the strangers present were: Miss Stanley Atkins, of Richmond, Miss Lucy London, of Pittsburg, and Miss Maddox, of Atlanta and Messrs. Pelham Blackford, of Virginia, Dr. William H. Smith, of Canada, and Mr. John H. Anderson, of New York.

The Driver's Accident.

It was reported all over the city last week that the steamer Driver, while on her way to this city this morning was blown up. The truth is that the Driver, while undergoing Government inspection at Elizabethtown, one of the patches on the boiler blew off, doing very little damage. The boat is expected at her wharf in Campbellton tonight.

It is a great leap from the old-fashioned doses of blue-mass and nauseous physics to the pleasant little pills known as DeWitt's Early Risers. They cure constipation, sick headache and billiousness. King Bros.

McELREE'S
Wine of Cardui
has demonstrated ten thousand times that it is almost infallible
FOR WOMAN'S PECULIAR WEAKNESSES,
irregularities and derangements. It has become the leading remedy for this class of troubles. It exerts a wonderfully healing, strengthening and soothing influence upon the menstrual organs. It cures "whites" and falling of the womb. It stops flooding and relieves sup-



pressed and painful menstruation. For Change of Life it is the best medicine made. It is beneficial during pregnancy, and helps to bring children into homes barren for years. It invigorates, stimulates, strengthens the whole system. This great remedy is offered to all afflicted women. Why will any woman suffer another minute with certain relief within reach? Wine of Cardui only costs $1.00 per bottle at your drug store.

For advice, in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Rev. J. W. SMITH, Camden, S. C., says: "My wife used Wine of Cardui at home for falling of the womb and it entirely cured her."

GETTING READY

Every expectant mother has a trying ordeal to face. If she does not

get ready for it, there is no telling what may happen. Child-birth is full of uncertainties if Nature is not given proper assistance.

Mother's Friend

is the best help you can use at this time. It is a liniment, and when regularly applied several months before baby comes, it makes the advent easy and nearly painless. It relieves and prevents "morning sickness," relaxes the overstrained muscles, relieves the distended feeling, shortens labor, makes recovery rapid and certain without any dangerous after-effects. **Mother's Friend** is good for only one purpose, viz.: to relieve motherhood of danger and pain.

$1 dollar per bottle at all drug stores, or sent by mail on receipt of price.
FREE BOOKS, containing valuable information for women, will be sent to any address upon application to
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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DENTISTS,
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April 29, 1880.

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Offer their services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

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The public is cordially invited to visit my yard, where they will always find a choice collection of
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SECOND TO NONE
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Very respectfully,
E. L. REMSBURG,
Proprietor Fayetteville Marble and Granite Works

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Is the Strongest American Fire Insurance Co.

Has been doing business continuously since 1819.
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Removes all Corns, Bunions and Warts, without pain, speedily and permanently
All Druggists sell ABBOTT'S EAST INDIAN CORN PAINT.
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The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....APRIL 21, 1898.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

THE PROGRESS OF CO-OPERATION.

It is a far cry, politically, from the 13th of August, 1897. On that day the Cleveland organ at Charlotte contained the following:

"A distinguished veteran Democrat declared to-day that he was really willing to see now a fusion of Democrats and Republicans to literally wipe the Populists from the earth."

On the 24th of September the same organ contained the following:

"The Salisbury World interviewed Senator Ransom as he passed through for Blowing Rock, and says Senator Ransom will certainly be found in the next campaign, and those who know him predict that it will be one of the greatest campaigns of his life."

The same day this fusion organ declared that it was "settled" that the Democratic organization would confine itself to State issues.

Everything was at peace within the Democratic ranks when these ill-starred outgivings found their way into print. The OBSERVER at once sounded the alarm, and waged what long seemed to be a desperate fight against the powerful interests which supported the paper that printed them. If the Democratic organization in North Carolina had treated this Cleveland organ as the Democrats of Pennsylvania have treated Mr. Harrity, they would have been harmless. So far from that being true, that organ has recently printed (and without rebuke) the statement that Democrats whom the party once highly honored had actually reprimanded the OBSERVER and its allies, Webster's Weekly, the Statesville Mascot and the Morganton Friend, for waging war upon this disturber of the peace.

[In estimating the wrong which these once highly honored Democrats did, it must be borne in mind that the said Cleveland organ promised its hearty support to Bryan after his nomination in 1896 and to the Democratic organization, and yet scratched the Bryan electoral ticket as arranged by that organization, and urged its readers to do so.]

Up to a month ago, the four papers mentioned above stood alone in their position, viz: that the Democratic party should preserve such an attitude towards those former Democrats, the Populists, who had enabled us to carry the State for Bryan in 1896, as would lead them to return to it, but that, if it did not do so, they would prefer organic co-operation with Populists to the continuance of negro domination which the failure of either sort of co-operation would entail. The violent abuse of the Populist leader which followed the Cleveland organ's lead caused us to lose all chance of securing the co-operation of a sufficient number of individuals from that party. At the opening of the campaign we are therefore confronted by the necessity of embracing the second alternative.

Recently, the Jonesboro Progress, the Red Springs Citizen, the Elizabethtown Reformer and (we believe) the Burlington News, have come over to the same position; while, in the last day or two, the Raleigh News and Observer has joined us. At the same time, the Aberdeen Telegram, the Washington Gazette and the Warrenton Record have declared that the question of co-operation will be the issue in the election of delegates to the State convention and that they propose to loyally abide by the decision of that convention.

That is certainly very gratifying progress—certainly, when it is recalled that it is but four months since the Cleveland organs announced that there were but two Democratic papers in the State which favored co-operation and they would soon be forced into silence by the sheer realization of their loneliness.

THE ISSUE OF CO-OPERATION PRESENTED AT LAST.

The greatest difficulty which the friends of bimetallism have met with is their inability to reach the people through the Democratic organization. The resolution endorsing Chairman Jones's co-operation address was introduced in the State committee meeting at its February meeting for this very purpose. But the failure to promulgate it along with the other proceedings of that meeting has led to the discrediting of the doctrine which that address inculcates. It is therefore with the very greatest satisfaction that we present, elsewhere, a copy of a letter addressed by Chairman Jones and Chairman White to the chairman of our Cumberland executive committee calling upon him to present to the county and precinct conventions co operation as an issue to be settled in the selection of delegates to the State convention. Identical letters have been sent to all the other county chairmen, ninety-five in number.

The issue of co-operation is therefore fairly launched before the Democratic constituencies throughout the State—or will be, if the other county chairmen follow the loyal and patriotic example of Chairman Huske in giving the letters received by them to their several county papers for publication. The cue of the Clevelandites has been to withhold from the rank and file of the party all evidence that the proposition of co-operation with the Populists had received any recognition from the Democratic organization whatever.

If the county chairmen do their duty, there is no sort of doubt that the people will send up to Raleigh a convention overwhelmingly in favor of co-operation. Wherever the people have been informed of the state of affairs, they are for co-operation. In Fayetteville, for instance, a poll was taken in one of our largest mercantile establishments, the other day, of all the proprietors and employes and of the large number of others present at the time. They were all veteran Democrats, and every one declared that "the professed friend of the Chicago platform and of white supremacy who opposed co-operation was either a knave or a fool." Yet it is not a month since the gold papers have declared that nearly every Democrat (?) in Fayetteville was for a so called "straight" fight—that is, for fusion of Bryanites and McKinley "Democrats."

Upon the issue which the county conventions in this State will soon be called upon to decide, the fate of North Carolina, as well as of the toiling masses throughout the United States, will depend for probably many years.

THE DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES.

Precinct chairmen should carefully note the following resolution, which was passed at the meeting of the State executive committee on the 30th of November last and re-affirmed at its meeting on the 22d of February, and which is now issued by Chairman Manly as a part of the "Plan of Organization":

"Resolved, That, in accordance with the resolution heretofore adopted, all white electors who intend to vote with us in the next election, and who desire the re-establishment of Anglo-Saxon supremacy and honest government in North Carolina, are cordially invited to participate in our primaries and conventions."

Several of our goldbug contemporaries have misstated the effect of this resolution. They have represented that it opened the doors of our primaries "to *all* white men," "to all who really believe in the Chicago platform," "to all who accept the Chicago platform and desire white supremacy," &c., &c., variations being made to suit the prevailing local sentiment or situation. The resolution, as will be seen, says nothing of the kind. It requires that each person seeking entrance to our primaries shall express his intention "to vote with us." That means that he will abide by the decision of the State convention. If, therefore, the State convention adopts co-operation, he binds himself to vote the co operation ticket prescribed by it. Not only must those who have declared their intention to reject such a ticket be denied admission to our primaries, but also those who hesitate to express their intention to take their chances with the rest of us.

THE NULLIFICATIONISTS.

It is to be sincerely hoped that the Democratic national executive committee will vote to expel Mr. Harrity, in accordance with the recommendation of the Pennsylvania State convention and executive committee. If we had adopted the same course in North Carolina with such papers as the Charlotte Observer and those who call themselves Democrats and yet approve of the doctrine and course of that paper, we would not be suffering under negro domination to-day, nor fearing the success of McKinleyism in 1900, with an overwhelming majority of Bryanites in the State.

Men have a perfect right to change their political beliefs and their political affiliations. When they do the latter, they may be said to "secede." That is a perfectly honorable act, as in the case of the Southern States in 1861, and in that of our late Democratic brethren, the Populists. But we cannot so characterize the act of those who remain in the party and defy its authority. A very high Democratic authority, General Jackson, in his celebrated Proclamation, thus described "Nullification":

"The Ordinance is founded, not on the indefeasible right of resisting acts which are plainly unconstitutional and too oppressive to be endured, but on the strange position that any one State may not only declare an Act of Congress void, but prohibit its execution; that they may do this consistently with the Constitution; that the true construction of that instrument permits a State *to retain its place in the Union*, and yet be bound by no other of its laws than those *it* may choose to consider as constitutional."

CURRENT COMMENT.

In view of the circumstances, it may be useful to say that this writer did not go to Washington for the purpose of attending the Jefferson banquet, enjoyable as that function always is. He went at the request of Chairman Jones for the purpose of conferring with him and Mr. Bryan, whose visit to Washington at that time made the meeting convenient. Both these gentlemen expressed the very greatest desire that co-operation should be effected in North Carolina, not only for the sake of the result in this State, but also for its effect upon other States, particularly the heavy Populist States of the Northwest. We observe already that the Cleveland organs are crying "No foreign interference!" There is not the remotest suggestion of "foreign" or any other kind of "interference" in the attitude of these great leaders. As the OBSERVER has so often pointed out, the highest law of the party, the Chicago platform, has declared the silver issue to be "paramount." The highest authority known to the party, the national convention, has constituted Senator Jones its executive officer. It is his duty to take the most certain measures possible to secure the triumph of that paramount national issue. Neither he nor Mr. Bryan have interfered, in the slightest degree, with our State affairs. If national co-operation renders (as it does) State co-operation indispensable, that is our business.

CO-OPERATION THE ISSUE.

As the result of the recent conference of Democrats in Washington, Chairman Jones, of the National Committee, and Chairman White, of the Congressional Committee, have united in addressing identical letters to each of our North Carolina county chairmen, urging co-operation of the bimetallic forces in the coming campaign, and, as a means to that end, the presentation of the question of co-operation to the Democratic constituencies now about to select delegates to the State convention.

Here is the letter which our Cumberland chairman has received:

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16, '98.

Hon. W. W. Huske,
Fayetteville, N. C.,

MY DEAR SIR:—We herewith enclose a copy of an address issued by the Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, and indorsed by the unanimous vote of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee, and also indorsed by the unanimous vote of your Democratic State Central Committee at a recent meeting, to which we desire to call your especial attention.

Few men of any intelligence will deny that those who favor bimetallism are in a large majority in this country. If these can be brought to act together they can easily control the Government. If we are in earnest in the advocacy of the principles we profess, it is our solemn duty to take this course. To secure such action in the great contest of 1900 we should begin now to bring these elements into harmonious co operation. Every such step taken at this time is unquestionably a step towards victory then, and will inspire hope and confidence all over the country, and will be a valuable contribution towards the great end we all have in view. Great importance in this connection attaches to the action of North Carolina. Every one knows the difficulties under which you labor there, and whatever is accomplished under the trying circumstances by which you are surrounded will be fully appreciated by the country. The example of a failure to unite in your State will be harmful in other sections of the country, and cannot fail to do great injury to the cause, not only this year, but in 1900.

We feel sure that in the bearing of your action on the general situation, that you will not allow local animosities or local ambitions to obscure the great issue, which, in the minds of all American citizens at this time, rises above every other consideration. We very earnestly urge upon you to call the attention of our people in your county to the importance of this question, to the end that it may be fully discussed and understood amongst them, and that delegates may be sent to the State Convention prepared to reflect their will on this most important matter. No time should be lost, as it is essential that the people should speak out. The Republicans and their allies of all classes will use all the means in their power to prevent this action, as they know full well that if harmonious co-operation of bimetallists shall become a rule of our conduct, the triumph of Democracy and good government in 1900 is absolutely assured. Local dissensions, prejudices which have heretofore been the result of party friction, will be appealed to and used by those who are really against us, to obscure the important considerations involved in our success. Their purpose is our defeat; we should not lose sight of that fact for a single moment. There is no room to doubt for an instant that the Chicago platform of 1896 will be reaffirmed in 1900, and that it only remains for its supporters to act together to give its doctrines a place in the law of the land.

We have written to each County Chairman in your State, urging the importance of this matter on his attention, and asking him, as we have you, to present it to the people of his county, to the end that there may be an expression of the will of the people upon it in your coming State convention.

Very truly yours,
JAMES K. JONES,
Ch'n Democratic Committee.
STEPHEN M. WHITE,
Ch'n Democratic Con. Com.

VICTOR SAYINGS.

Victor, N. C., April 16, 1898.

Prof. M. J. Green has been attending court for several days at Carthage.

Mr. A. H. Buchan, who has been spending a few days with his father at Manly, returned Wednesday.

Mr. T. H. Rowan spent Saturday and Sunday with friends at Cameron.

Mr. G. C. Brouder is visiting his uncle, Mr. Alex. Campbell, at Villanow.

Mr. P. P. Smith was absent from home for a short while Friday, and from all appearances, called at a barber shop, but Pete returned before supper; said that the dogs were too ferocious where he stopped.

Miss Dora Patterson, who has been ill for some time, died at her home in Manly Sunday evening.

Mr. Wm. Keith, who has been partially insane for the past few weeks, on last Wednesday morning wandered from his home to the track of the S. A. L. R. R. and was suddenly stricken with paralysis. Mr. Keith was found and rescued from a horrible death by Mr. Henry Thompson only a few seconds before the local freight was due.

Rev. M. D. McIver, of Rockingham, who has been preaching at Union Church for three years, as stated supply, preached his farewell sermon Sunday. Mr. McIver recounted the pleasant associations which he had enjoyed among the good old Scotch settlers, and expressed the deepest regret in being forced by unavoidable circumstances to sever the relations existing between him and the people of Union as people and pastor. DONTON.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Democratic Convention —AND— Democratic Primaries.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., April 18, 1898.

The regular Primaries for the purpose of electing delegates to the County Convention, will be held at the usual places in the several Precincts throughout the County on THURSDAY, MAY 5th, 1898.

The County Convention for the purpose of sending Delegates to the State, Judicial and Congressional Conventions will be held at Fayetteville, on SATURDAY, MAY 7th, 12 noon.

Precinct Chairmen will give due notice.

By order of Executive Committee.
W. W. HUSKE,
Chairman.

In extending this invitation to all those who favor good government in County and State, and the white man and white metal, we feel that it is not inappropriate to call the attention of the people of Cumberland County to the following brief statement of facts, to-wit:

The Democratic party of North Carolina, which the people are invited to join and elevate to power, stands in national affairs for all the reforms promulgated in the famous Chicago platform of 1896, and we would especially emphasize our belief in the beneficial effects upon the labor and industries, and the enhanced prices of agricultural products of our people to flow from the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

In State affairs it stands for honest, clean and decent government in State, County and Town, and we feel pride in pointing to the fact that from the time the lamented Vance led the white men of the State from seashore to mountains to victory in 1876, until it went out of power in 1894, no scandals marked its career, but it was ever responsive to the wishes and highest aspirations of the good people of North Carolina, and its record can but challenge the admiration and respect of all fair-minded men.

It has always insisted that the white men must rule and administer its government, and still insists that of right they ought to and shall if it is placed in power again. Fair and honest treatment of the colored man, but insistence upon the rule of the white man is the deliberate purpose and intent of the Democratic party. All good citizens must approve this purpose, and it is the only party of which these things can be said in the last thirty years. The Republican party in State and Nation, stands for the very opposite of all these things.

In Federal affairs it is sponsor for the blighting results of the gold standard, and at the behest of the money kings, it demands dear money and cheap labor, low prices for what the farmer sells and high prices for what he buys, and since it has been in power in Nation, State and County taxes have been steadily growing higher, while salaries and fees have been tending to increase rather than to decrease.

Compare your tax receipts for a few years back and now upon the same property and it will be seen that this is so. In 1868 the Republican party took absolute control of our State, County and Municipal Governments. Its record is the first dark chapter in our history, and to-day the people are paying taxes to meet the profligate and corrupt expenditures of that period.

In 1898 the same party is again in power in our state, and again its record is marked by scandals and disgraceful conduct and bad government, which cannot be read except with feelings of disgust by the honest and virtue loving people of our state.

In Cumberland county it is a matter of common repute that the Republican politicians of high and low degree, white as well as black, bow the suppliant knee at the feet of a negro, and his edict "kills or makes alive" in Republican politics.

Can the good people of the county longer submit to the domination of men who are willing to "bend the pregnant hinges of the knee that thrift may follow fawning." Surely not. They cannot afford to allow their innocent little children to grow up and become accustomed to such a disgraceful condition of affairs.

In the memorable days of the past when the Republican party was in power and plundering the state the white men of old Cumberland stood shoulder to shoulder in the firm resolve that they should be driven from power, and in their might, in the name and majesty of the anglo saxon race, drove them from power. In the last few years many of the good men who fought under the Democratic banner and helped regain the state from the hands of the plunderers, seeing no hope of financial reform in the Democratic party of the nation as long as it was in the hands of northern Democrats, separated themselves from it in the hope of better things. Have their desires been realized? No. Instead the chains have been riveted with a stronger clasp.

Many of these good men in the last two elections, forgetting the infamous record of Republicanism, or supposing that it would do better, have helped indirectly to restore it to power in North Carolina, with the result that all good men must confess that it has proven itself to be the same in purpose and spirit, as when the great and good Vance aroused the state to action 22 years ago.

It seems to us that a few moments of serious reflection must convince these men of the absolute truth of the following propositions:

1. That whatever may have been the attitude of Mr. Cleveland and a few other so called Democratic leaders on the money question in 1892, '93 and '94, when they separated themselves from the Democratic party, that this party has thrown those men overboard and now stands for the free and unlimited coinage of silver, against monopolies and trusts, and that it is the only party with the leadership and numbers sufficient to give hope that it will be able to work out these reforms in the interest of the people—the masses instead of the classes.

2nd. That the Democratic party is the only party that has given the people of the state since the war an honest, clean and progressive administration, and that is now the only party to which the people can look with any reasonable hope that it willl do it.

3rd. That the Republican party, which these men helped to power, is the only party that stands for the gold standard, for monopolies, trusts and for high taxes.

4th. That this Republican party, which they helped to power, is but little better than the Republican party of 1868, and that is again disgracing the state and humiliating the people by its weekly scandals.

Therefore the Democratic party throws wide open its doors and asks all good men to come into its precinct and county and other conventions, and we assure you you will receive a hearty, cordial welcome. Come sup at the table of your fathers and be one of us again. We need you and you need us.

Let the "dead past bury its dead," let past differences be forgotten, and under the banners of Jefferson and Jackson and Vance and Bryan let us march together again for the rescue of our government and homes from ruinous Republican rule.

Our doors are wide open, you are invited to come in and *participate* and help *enjoy the rewards* of honest efforts in so high and noble a cause. Come all who will and *feel assured* that *past differences* have been *cast behind* us and again as a united people the white man and white metal will achieve a glorious victory.

TAKE NOTICE.

The committeemen and others to whom copies of this paper are sent are requested to see that a copy is placed in the hands of every white voter in his precinct. Do not fail to do this and report to the Chairman of the County Committee.

THE SITUATION.

THE PRESIDENT BAULKED.

Our dispatches Monday recorded the abandonment by the House of their McKinley resolutions and their acceptance of those of the Senate with an amendment that excluded recognition of Cuban independence. Tuesday morning dispatches say:

The long waiting for the return of the conference came to an end at 8:10 p. m. There was a visible stir in the galleries as the chairman of the conference committee, Mr. Davis, of Minnesota, rose to present the report and make his statement to the Senate. By this time nearly every Senator was in his seat, and the interest became intense, as it was whispered about that an agreement had been reached. Mr. Davis said in conformity with the instructions of the Senate the conferees met a like committee from the House, and that after full and free discussion he had to report that the conferees had failed to reach an agreement. There was intense silence. It was the unexpected that had happened and then a half sigh was heard over the crowded galleries that all the eloquence, the logic and the exhaustive presentation of every phase of the pending proposition must go for naught. Mr. Davis then stated the points of disagreement, that there had been no difficulty to agree to the resolution as amended, but the point of contention arose over the insertion of the words "are and" in the first section, which says the people of Cuba "are, and of right ought to be free and independent." He said the majority of the conferees had agreed to waive the Turpie amendment providing that the above mentioned be inserted. But the Senate conferees were met with refusal to so agree and he reluctantly reported the same to the Senate.

The first part of Mr. Davis' motion, that to insist upon the Senate amendments, was carried without division. The second part, that requesting a further conference, was disagreed to, 39 to 40.

At 10:25, Chief Clerk Browning, of the House, presented a message from that body asking for a further conference upon the Cuban question upon the disagreement of the two houses. Mr. Davis moved to insist upon the Senate amendment to grant a conference. Mr. Allen made a motion that the Senate name the conferees. The motion was lost, 28 to 49. Mr. Davis' motion was carried and the President pro tem., Senator Frye, appointed Senators Davis, Foraker and Morgan. A recess was taken for half an hour.

The conferees on the Cuban resolution reached an agreement at 1:10 a. m. and it was presented at 1:14 a. m. by Senator Davis.

The conference report was adopted by the Senate, 42 to 35.

The resolutions as thus finally agreed to are as follows:

Joint resolution for the recognition of the independence of the people and republic of Cuba, demanding that the government of Spain relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba, and to withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters, and directing the president of the United States to use the land and naval forces of the United States to carry these resolutions into effect.

Whereas, the abhorrent conditions which have existed for more than three years in the island of Cuba, so near our own borders, have shocked the moral sense of the people of the United States, have been a disgrace to Christian civilization, culminating, as they have, in the destruction of a United States battleship, with 266 of its officers and crew, while on a friendly visit in the harbor of Havana, and cannot longer be endured, as has been set forth by the President of the United States in his message to congress of April 11, 1898, upon which the action of congress was invited; therefore,

Resolved, By the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1. That the people of the island of Cuba are and of right ought to be, free and independent.

2. That it is the duty of the United States to demand and the government of the United States does hereby demand that the government of Spain at once relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

3. That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States and to call into the actual service of the United States the militia of the several states, to such extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions in to effect.

4. That the United States hereby disclaim any disposition or intentson to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over said island, except for the pacification thereof, and assert their determination when that it accomplished to leave the government and control of the island to its people.

It will be seen that that is the identical form of resolutions which passed the Senate on Saturday night—with the exception of the words "and that the government of the United States hereby recognizes the republic of Cuba as the true and lawful government of that island," that followed the word "independent" in resolution No. 1.

On the main issue, therefore, between the President and the Democrats, the President has been defeated. The Democrats carry their point of recognizing the independence of Cuba. The words stricken out, as above quoted, simply have the effect of omitting the recognition of the particular government now known as the "Republic of Cuba."

War is Upon Us

A little before noon today the President signed the joint resolutions of congress, and nine minutes later signed and sent to Spain an ultimatum in accordance with the resolutions.

Peace or war will come with Spain's answer, and it is certain to be war, as will be seen by the following dispatch from Madrid last night:

The supporters of the government in both houses of parliament met in the senate chamber at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Senor Sagasta, the premier, addressed them as follows:

"The times are so grave and the circumstances are so exceptional that acts and not words are now necessary to face the present difficulty. Attempts are being made to sully the glorious history of Spain by an infamous calumny. The Spanish governments have done their utmost to avert the war to which we are being provoked. We have now reached the limits of concession, compatible with honor and territorial integrity. We consented to the last concession at the instance of the pope and the powers. We yielded in fact; but now attempts are made up on our honor, and menaces directed against our territory. That is a thing to which Spaniards will never consent. (Applause.) This is not the moment to trace a parliamentary programme, but the moment to unite ourselves, as our fathers have done, in the face of an odious attempt against the integrity of our territory. The insult offered us to day is the most infamous that has ever been offered." (Prolonged applause.)

Continuing Senor Sagasta counselled the rapid constitution of the chambers in order to accord to the government the means to defend the country's interests. "Spain," he added, "will not allow a parcel of her territory to be taken from her with impunity; nor will she be a party to any trafficking for her possessions." Prolonged and enthusiastic cheers greeted the speech.

As to the Primaries.

Correspondence of the Observer.]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
April 19, 1898.

MR. EDITOR:—The Democratic Primaries for Cumberland County will be held in the several Townships Thursday, May 5th, to elect delegates to the County Convention which meets in Fayetteville on Saturday, May 7th. At this convention delegates will be appointed for both the Judicial and Congressional Conventions. The voters of Cumberland wishing for a fair expression as to who should be endorsed for nomination for Judge and Member of Congress, suggest that the primaries determine their choice for said nomination by ballot, the candidate receiving a majority of the votes cast would be entitled to the Counties' endorsement, or should candidates so desire, they could claim their respective Primary vote, and to have strength in the District Convention, this matter had better be settled in advance. I merely throw out these suggestions for the voters consideration.

Very respectfully,
A. B. WILLIAMS.

Death in New York.

Mr. T. B. Gwatkins received a telegram Monday announcing the death of his brother's wife, Mrs. C. O. Gwatkins, in New York City that morning, and that the interment would take place in Richmond. Mr. Gwatkins left last night to attend the funeral.

Mr. C. O. Gwatkins is the General Eastern Agent of the Wisconsin Central Railroad.

Was Very Nervous

Had Smothering Spells and Could Not Sleep—Doctors Called It Neuralgia and Indigestion.

"I had pains in my head, neck and shoulders and all through my body but they were most severe in my left side. The doctor called it neuralgia and indigestion. I was confined to my bed for eight months. I was very nervous, had smothering spells and could not sleep. I read of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla and of a case similar to mine. My husband procured a bottle, and I began taking it. After taking one bottle I felt better, was able to rest and my appetite improved. I continued until my nervousness was cured and I was much better in every way. My husband has also been benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla." MARY S. STONE, Spainville, Virginia.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1, six for $5.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Progressive Farmer

no longer buys "on time." Adversity has taught him the folly of it. The same applies to

The Progressive Merchant,

who, likewise learning a lesson from adversity, now sells for the cash. With us money talks; talks eloquently too.

If you buy Flour, Coffee, Sugar, Rice, Meat, Meal, Corn, Hay, Plows, Castings, Hoes, Shovels, Wagons, Fertilizers, etc., by all means see

Q. K. NIMOCKS,
Successor to Nimocks Bros.

AN OPEN LETTER To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, **DR. SAMUEL PITCHER,** *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* **"PITCHER'S CASTORIA,"** *the same that has borne and does now* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every bear the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* **"PITCHER'S CASTORIA"** *which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years.* **LOOK CAREFULLY** *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought,* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

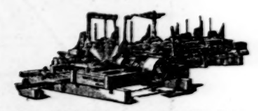
March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher M.D.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

30 inch Resawing with all the latest improvements.

A FEW OF MY LEADING MACHINES

Rapid Feed Double Surfacer, working 3 1-4x14 inches. Shipping weight, 6,000 lbs



J. A. VANCE IRON WORKS,
Write for Circular. SALEM, N. C

Improved Circular Saw Mill, built in various lengths to 60 feet.

Democratic Municipal Convention.

The Democratic municipal primaries and convention are called to meet as follows:

Ward primaries on April 25th, at 8:30 p. m. sharp. Ratification meeting or convention in the Court House on the 27th of April at 8:30 p. m.

The ward primaries are to be held at the following places:

First Ward—McNeill's Gin House.
Second Ward—Flour Warehouse.
Third Ward—Court House.
Fourth Ward—Fire Department.
Fifth Ward—Martin House.
Sixth Ward—Market House.
Seventh Ward—Byrd House on Grove Street.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters,' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents per bottle at B. E. Sedberry & Sons Drug Store.

Fayetteville Presbytery.

Fayetteville Presbytery convened in Carthage, Moore county, Wednesday Rev. Mr. Graham, pastor of the Presbyterian Church of this city and Mr. R. M. Prior, delegate from that Church, went up to Carthage Tuesday afternoon.

We noted the following ministers and delegates in the city Tuesday morning on their way to Carthage: Rev. Dr. H. G. Hill, Maxton; Rev. P. R. Law, Lumber Bridge, Rev. W. B. Arrowood, Laurinburg; Rev. Mr. Hassell, Dunn, and Messrs. W. Doug Smith, Godwin; W. C. McPhail, Shannon, and Daniel McMillan, Robeson, and Rev. C. G. Vardell, President of the Red Springs Seminary, Prof. D. R. McIver, Red Springs.

The Fayetteville District Sunday School and Epworth League Conference will convene in Hay Street Methodist Episcopal Church, South, in Fayetteville, April 26th, 27th and 28th, 1898.

It is a great leap from the old-fashioned doses of blue-mass and nauseous physics to the pleasant little pills known as DeWitt's Early Risers. They cure constipation, sick headache and billiousness. King Bros.

Southern Troops to Invade Cuba.

A special dispatch from Washington states that the Secretary of War has decided that the auxiliary force of invasion is to be made up of southern troops of the Gulf and South Atlantic States.

He assigns for his reason that the southern troops will be better able to withstand the danger of the climate of Cuba.

The military from the northern and western states will be used to man the forts and coast defences.

A torpid liver robs you of ambition and ruins your health. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cleanse the liver, cure constipation and all stomach and liver troubles. King Bros.

What is the Use for a Criminal Court.

The Supreme Court's recent decision that appeals from the Criminal Court must first go to the Superior Court before it can reach the Supreme Court, makes the Criminal Court nothing but a magisterial affair with enlarged powers. If a person chose to appeal from the decision of the criminal court, it will have to go to the Superior Court to be tried over again. Therefore it seems to us that the Criminal Court is a useless and expensive thing, as well as a delayer of justice.

Thin Blood

Where the blood loses its intense red—grows thin and watery, as in anemia, there is a constant feeling of exhaustion, a lack of energy—vitality and the spirits depressed.

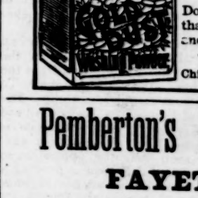
Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda is peculiarly adapted to correct this condition. The cod-liver oil, emulsified to an exquisite fineness, enters the blood direct and feeds its every corpuscle, restoring the natural color and giving vitality to the whole system. The hypophosphites reach the brain and nerve centres and add their strengthening and beneficial effect. If the roses have left your cheeks, if you are growing thin and exhausted from overwork, or if age is beginning to tell, use SCOTT'S Emulsion.

Be sure you get SCOTT'S Emulsion
All druggists; 50c. and $1.00.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Which Half is the Better Half

The housewife's duties are harder than men realize. Cleaning alone is a constant tax on her strength, a never-ended task. More than half the work of cleaning she can have done for her, if she will, and the expense will be next to nothing.



GOLD DUST Washing Powder.

Does the better half of cleaning; does it better than any other way known; does it easily, quickly and cheaply. Largest package—greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.

Pemberton's Book and Music House,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines,

Bicycle and Bicycle Sundries sold on *easy terms.*
School Books and School Supplies.
Singing Books, Bibles and Sunday-school Literature.
Pictures, Easels—Pieture Frames made to order.

WALL PAPER,

Fancy Goods and Toys for the Children

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
Our Stock is large and very complete.
Prices Low.

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., APRIL 21, 1898

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the veiws or statements of correspondents—and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. A. Burns & Co.—Clothing.
The Cape Fear Dry Goods Co.
A. E. Rankin & Co—Michigan Flour.
H. R. Horne—The $50 Yellow Fellow.
Paine's Celery Compound—Ablest German.
J. C. Black—The Seventh Judicial Convention.
Q K. Nimcoks & Co.—The Progressive Farmer.
Newberry's Reliable Low-Price Furniture House.
M. F. Crawford & Co—See double column advertisement.

Owing to a rush of advertisements many letters from our country corres pondents are unavoidably omitted. These will appear in subsequent issues.

THE HOUSE VOTES.

Discards the McKinley Resolutions.

The Senate Defeats the House Amendment.

THE HOUSE VOTES.

Surrenders Its Own Resolutions.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The House at 12:20 began voting on Congressman Dingley's motion to strike from the Senate resolution the clause by which recognition is made of the republic of Cuba.

Mr. Dingley's motion was carried. The House then voted for the Senate resolution declaring that Spain must evacuate Cuba; that the President must use the army and navy for this purpose; the existing Cuban republic not being recognized. This was carried.

A CLOSE MARGIN.

Representative Dingley's motion to concur in the Senate amendments striking out the recognition of Cuba, was adopted by a vote of one hundred and seventy-nine to one hundred and fifty-five. The resolution, as amended, will now go back to the Senate. The probability is that the Senate will accept the verdict of the House without a conference. The House surrendered its own resolutions completely. Five Republicans voted with the Democrats.

Great applause greeted the reading of the Senate resolutions by the Democrats of the House. Representative Cooper, of Wisconsin, who visited the Senate to learn the probability there, reported that in his opinion the Senate would accept their resolutions with recognition omitted.

LATER.

It is now decided that the action of the House makes it impossible to avoid appointing a conference committee on the resolutions.

After the vote Representative Johnson, of Indiana, asked to be allowed to address the House. He is opposed to all forms of expression that look to war, believing war unnecessary and unwarranted. A member demanded the regular order and Mr. Johnson resumed his seat. Mr. Bailey engaged in a wrangle with the Chair, after which Bailey demanded and secured recognition.

The war department has ordered the additional purchase of eighteen hundred mules for Cuba.

Congressman Bartlett and Brum apologized to the House for the book throwing incident last week.

Action of the Senate.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Washington, April 18.

Opinions are widely different regard ing the disposition the Senate will make on the amended resolutions. Some say they will concur, while others say a conference committee will be necessary and others say the Senate will not accept the amendment.

The Senate this morning transacted routine business.

The amended resolution was sent to the government printing office, and the messenger was instructed to wait until he got a printed copy.

Senator Davis said he would ask the Senate to sit tonight. The House resolution will be rushed over to the Senate as fast as the clerks can prepare it.

Secretary Gage has notified the employees of the treasury deparment that they will be granted a year to join the army.

Captain Sigsbee has been detached from the navy department, and ordered for duty on the St. Paul at League Island navy yard.

If you are not feeling well, why don't you take Hood's Sarsaparilla? It will purify and enrich your blood and do you wonderful good.

THE SENATE DEFEATS THE HOUSE AMENDMENT.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, April 18.—4:00 p. m.—The House resolution was reported to the Senate. Senator Davis moved that the Senate concur in the House amendment. The motion was defeated by 32 to 46. The resolution now goes to conference.

The Senate disagrees with the House resolution as amended, and it is reported back to the House. Mr. Dingly moves that House insist on its amendment and asks for a conference.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill, makes the statement, that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefitted from first dose. She continued its use and after taking six bottles, found herself sound and well; now does her own housework, and is as well as she ever was. Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at B. E. Sedberry & Sons Drug Store. Large bottles 50 cents and $1 00.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. is on every wrapper.

'Till Saturday at Noon.

Unless Spain Answers Favorably By That Time Hostilities Will Commence.

The President Signed the Congress Resolutions at Noon and Immediately Sent The Ultimatum to Spain—What the Ultimatum Contains—A Report that the Time Has Been Extended—How the Resolutions Were Signed.

President Signs and Sends the Ultimatum.

By telegraph to the Observer.]

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The President signed the ultimatum to Spain immediately after signing the joint resolution at 11:24 this morning. The ultimatum was sent to Spain at eleven thirty-five o'clock, just nine minutes later. It is reported that the ultimatum has reached Madrid.

Naval officers favor the taking of Cuba by a land force, with batteries to blockade the harbor.

The Signing of the Resolutions.

By telegraph to the Observer)

Washington, April 20.

All the members of the cabinet were present at the signing of the war resolutions ordering Spain out of Cuba. An ordinary pen was used and the President's name was signed in a firm. bold hand. The pen was given Secretary Alger as a souvenier. All the members of the cabinet shook hands and sat down to discuss the emergency.

When Senor Polo received his passports he handed the messenger his reply with a request for passports.

The Ultimatum.

By telegraph to the Observer

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The ultimatum gives Spain until Saturday noon to reply. Minister Woodford bids good-bye to the diplomatic body at Madrid. Minister Polo y Bernabe asked for his passports when shown the ultimatum.

The ultimatum quotes the resolutions of Congress and notifies Spain that her army must leave Cuba and Cuban waters immediately. If Spain does not reply and notify President McKinley by Saturday noon of her intention to withdraw her troops from Cuba hostilities will commence. The fleet at Key West will blockade Cuba. The army that is now mobilizing at four points in the South will with the aid of a large force of volunteers be sent to invade the island of Cuba.

Premier Sagasta's speech last night deprived the President of his last hope that there might be peace with honor. Spain will not make concessions looking to an avoidance of war. The ultimatum was prepared by assistant Secretary of State Day, who went over it with the President before the signature was affixed. Secretary Day said that the ultimatum had been transmitted to Madrid addressed to Minister Woodford who delivered it to the Spanish government.

Every Command of Regulars

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, April 20.—The Spanish minister Polo y Bernabe today transferred to the French embassy all the official records and effects which he cannot take to Spain with him.

Secretary of War Alger announced this morning that every command of regulars had started south. Many having but a short run, have already arrived.

In Congress.

By telegraph to the Observer.]

WASHINGTON, April 20th.—In the House chairman of military affairs committee, Hull, asked that the volunteer bill be called up for immediate consideration. No objection was made and so the House has gone into committee of the whole to take up the bill.

Polo Leaves—Woodford Does Not.

By telegraph to the Observer.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—Senor Polo y Bernabe, Spanish Minister, leaves this afternoon. Minister Woodford has now decided to remain at Madrid until dismissed. He has been told to demand passports if Senor Sagasta's reply is unfavorable.

The Spanish Bid us Good-bye.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, April 20 —There is great activity here. The steamship, Panama, and the Ward Liner Seneca, sailed today for Havana with Spaniards who are leaving this country. They also carry food and munitions of war for the Spanish army in Cuba.

Speedy Action

By telegraph to the Observer)

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The President urges speedy action on the volunteer bill.

The indications are that the volunteer bill be passed today. It is expected that a significant call will be made upon the militia today. Minister Polo tells Archbishop Ireland that he leaves at ten tonight.

Is this Possible.

It is reported that Spain has been granted an extension of time until Monday by McKinley.

There is renewed activity in preparations for war. When the volunteer bill passes today the President will issue a call for eighty thousand men.

Senator Foraker in speaking this afternoon said it was not yet too late to recognize Cuban independence.

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Sure, certain and sure. All druggists. 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

The Spanish Sailors Vow Not to Return Unless Victorious.

England Represents Us.

By cable to the Observer.

Madrid, April 20.—England's representative will look after the interests of the U. S. here. No disturbance today.

The Feeling in England.

By cable to the Observer.

London, April 20.—All the afternoon newspapers, while friendly to the United States, express a certain amount of sympathy for Spain.

Sealed Orders

By cable to the Observer.)

Bermuda, April 20.—The British steamer, Pallos, sailed under sealed orders today.

Austria to Protect the Queen.

By cable to the Observer.

Vienna, April 20.—The Austrian fleet starts for Spain immediately to protect the Queen.

The Pope Still Hope.

By cable to the Observer.)

Rome, April 20.—The Pope thinks that if Spain cedes Cuba to the Vatican peace may yet be preserved.

The Italian Cruiser at Norfolk.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Norfolk, April 20.—The Italian cruiser, Amerigo Vespucci, passed in the capes today.

Spurgeon's Tabernacle Burned

By cable to the Observer.)

London, April 20.—Dr. Spurgeon's tabernacle, the most famous dissenting church building in England, was burned to the ground this morning.

At Madrid.

By cable to the Observer.

MADRID, April 20.—All American consuls throughout Spain are preparing to leave the country. The guard about Minister Woodford's residence was increased today.

Senator Walthall Dying.

By telegraph to the Observer.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The physicians this morning say that Senator Walthall, of Mississippi, is sinking slowly, and cannot survive to-day.

Ready to Swoop Upon The Phillipines.

By cable to the Observer.)

HONG KONG, April 20.—The United States China squadron is stripped for action and is ready on the declaration of war to swoop down upon the Phillipe Islands. All the ships have been painted grey.

Spanish Sailors Make a Vow.

By cable to the Observer.

Madrid, April 20.—The newspapers to day are very war like in tone. The crews of the Spanish vessels composing the Spanish squadron at Cadiz, have vowed before the shrine of the virgin not to return unless victorious.

Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, accompanied by a numerous suite, arrived at Ostend at noon. It is understood that he will remain some time.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to Cure. 25c.

CASTORIA

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT

Has the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. on every wrapper.

The Cape Fear Dry Goods Company,

Successors to

Rose & Leak,

invite your attention to its splendid line of Dry Goods and Shoes. Goods were never cheaper nor prettier than they are this season. Just think of buying the heaviest Lake George Sheeting at 4½ cents Heavy 8 oz. Cottonades at 12½ cents. The same goods last season sold for 20 cents

The new firm is amply sustaining the reputation which the old firm so long enjoyed, that of being the cheapest and most reliable house in town. Its motto is Fair Dealing and Low Prices. Buying and selling for cash, it cannot and will not be undersold.

Your attention is especially called to its splendid line of Men's, Ladies' and Children's Shoes, all grades and styles. Oxford Slippers 50, 75, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and up to $2 50.

The best Brogan high cut Shoe in the World at $1.25. This shoe is sold everywhere at $1.50.

Do not come to town without giving The Cape Fear Dry Goods Company a look. You will regret it if you fail to do so.

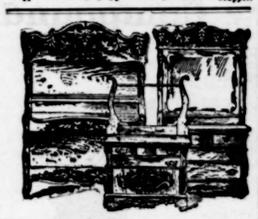
Nurses to the Front.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

New York April 10.—The nurses from the Bellevue training schools are going to the front. The Consul here will not leave until minister Polo quits Washington.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. is on every wrapper.



Newberry's Reliable Low-Price Furniture House,

CENTER OF CITY,

Thornton Block,

Fayetteville, N. C

is the place to buy Fine Suits, Bedsteads, Washstands, Bureaus, Chiffonier, Sideboards, China Closets, Cupboards, Safes, Lounges, Carpet, Matting, all kinds of chairs and all kinds of House Furniture Goods.

All Yellow Wheels Are Either Sterns ——Bicycles or Imitations——

The $50.00 Yellow Fellow

The Best Value of the Season in

BICYCLES.

For Sale By

H. R. HORNE.

CRAWFORD BICYCLES,

Cleveland Bicycles,

Lamps, Bells, Cement and other BICYCLE SUNDRIES.

KING BROS.,

Hotel LaFayette Building,

OBSERVER, 1898.

(In clipping leave on date.)

We Have Received a Car Load

Consisting of 121 BUCK'S Cooking Stoves and Ranges.

We are prepared to furnish these to reliable parties for CASH or on the installment plan.

They are THE BEST, as you can see by careful examination of the minutest details of their construction.

Come and See Them.

Look out for the children's BUCK'S Jr. Range contest. One to be given to the girl under 14 years of age, who gathers the most Buck trade mark advertisements cut from the town papers, between April 1st and May the 15th.

The other for the girl who makes the most English words from BUCK'S Trade Mark.

SEE CUT ABOVE.

This Contest Closes July 1st.

Huske Hardware House

—AT—

The Hay St. Grocer's,

A LOT OF SOUTH LAND TOBACCO JUST RECEIVED.

—ALSO—

Jones Co. Yam Slips

—AND—

Norton Yam Slips,

— ALL FOR SALE CHEAP. —

A. S. HUSKE.

AGENT for BASKETS, CRATES, &c.

For Sale at a Bargain.

A portable Engine and Boiler—8 horse power, in excellent condition Apply to W. N. WILLIAMS.

ap'l 6-w2t

M. F. CRAWFORD & CO.,

AT THE HOLT STORE.

The People Are Coming Our Way!

The Lowest Prices, The Newest Goods.

Everything Under One Roof.

Buying and Selling for Net Spot Cash Tells the Tale.

Talk is cheap. Truth is mighty and will prevail. We doubt not but that you have been told that our stock consisted largely of old goods. We succeeded L. B. Holt & Co. in business, but not to their old stock of goods. We did with their old goods what we are doing and what we expect to do with our own—sold them. Out of the thousands of dollars worth of Dry Goods and Shoes in our house there is not three hundred dollars worth of old stuff. Now, if there is anybody at all skeptical on this point let him bring his $300, and we will sell him for that amount every old pair of shoes and every piece of old dry goods that we bought from L. B. Holt & Co. The few old goods we have we sell at 50 to 75 cents on the dollar. What other house makes such prices on their old goods? Do other houses have any old goods? Do the people who have been in business at Fayetteville from three to twenty years sell every blessed thing as soon as they buy it, or has old stock accumulated on their hands? Let common sense answer these questions. We have the newest, the choicest and nearest up to date stock of dry goods, notions and shoes to be found in this section of the State. We invite comparison and will let stern, irrepressible and relentless facts do their work.

We quote some of our matchless values in black and white to the consternation and dismay of competition, and the joy and wonder of all intelligent, wide-awake consumers, hundreds of whom have tested the merits of our claims and eternally sing our praises. Nothing for you to lose, but everything to gain. If what we claim is true you cannot afford to idly pass us by. We only desire a thoughtful examination of our stock. We are always glad to send samples for the asking. We have one price only—that is marked in plain figures.

Notions and Gents' Furnishings.

Men's Percal and Negligee Shirts—Fancy Patterns—at 25, 39, 44, 48, 75 and 98 cents each. Men's Unlaundered White Shirts at 25, 44 and 50 cents. Our 50 cent shirt is the best value for the money that we have ever seen in the shirt line.

Our Laundered Shirts at 50 and 98 cen's each are exceptional values.

Ladies' ready made Shirt Waists—we have just opened as handsome an assortment of these goods as was ever shown in Fayetteville. Over 100 styles. These goods were made to our order and are the very newest things to be had in Shirt Waists. They are as nicely made as if you had done it yourself. We sell them at 44, 50, 75, 84 cents and $1.00 each.

Hosiery for Men, Women and Children. Every pair a leader. Prices from 5 to 50 cents per pair.

A splendid assortment of Gloves and Mits for ladies, in kid, silk, lisle thread and cotton, white, black and colors.

If you want the best thing in Corsets we have them in the R. & G. at 75c., $1.00 and $1.25 each. The C. B. at 98c., and as good 50s. Corset as can be made for that money. A pretty good one for 25c.

Jeweled Belts. We would not be in it if we did not have these. They are beauties at 25c. and up. We also have a splendid line of leather belts, both for gentlemen and ladies.

Ladies, see our low-neck vests before making your purchases. They are handsome and the price will surprise you.

By the time you read this advertisement we will have a large stock of Night Gowns, Undershirts and Corset Covers. They are nicely made and beautifully trimmed with lace and embroidery, up-to date in every detail and about as cheap ready made as you can buy the material to make them. You get the making free.

Our line of gentlemen's underwear for spring and summer is unsurpassed.

An up to-date stock of ladies' and gentlemen's neckware. White puff ties, white lawn ties and bows, club-house ties, silk and cotton, four-in hand ties, black string ties, teck scarfs, bows &c.

Our line of collars and cuffs is not complete yet, but will be soon.

Our stock of embroideries, laces trimmings of all kinds, linens, etc., is complete.

Dry Goods Department.

Our dry goods department is loaded with new, up to date staple dry goods.

Black Henrietta, all wool, silk finish, 38 inches wide, at 50s. Would be cheap at 65s.

Black and Blue Serges, all wool, 50 inches wide, at 49cts. per yard. The same goods you have been paying 60cts. and 65cts for.

Light Colored Woolen Dress Goods in the most fashionable colors, 36 inches wide, at 24cts per yard.

Cheap Worsteds and Casbmeres in white, black and colored at 10s., 12½, 18c., 25s. and 30c. per yard.

Light Figured Woolen Goods, 36 inches wide, for shirt waists, at 15cts. Would be a bargain at 30c.

Persian Lawns—patterns exact reproduction of French organdies. Will wear just as well and wash better, and at half the price.

As pretty a line of yard wide Percales as you ever looked at. The ladies who have seen our percales bear us out in this assertion. As long as they last we will continue to sell them at 6½, 8½ and 10c per yard.

Simpson's ½ percales at 5s per yard.

Madrasienne Novelties in fancy plaids, are the prettiest cheap goods for ladies' waists and children's dresses. We have a splendid assortment at 5s per yard.

We have as strong line of calicos as was ever offered on this market, and our prices will astonish you, 3½c, 4½c and 5s per yard. Nothing too good in the calico line to sell for over 5c. per yard.

Plain White Lawns and India Linens at 5s., 7½c., 8c., 10c., 12s., 15c. and 20s. per yard.

Check Nainsooks and stripped white lawns at 5s. and up.

White Piques or Marseilles at 8½s., 10s. and 18s. per yard.

Linen colored Piques at 7½c. per yard.

English Long Cloth, Cannon Cloth, all grades Londsdale, Cambric, Fruit of the Loom and Barker Mills Bleaching. The best yard-wide 5c. Bleaching on the market.

A A yard wide Sheeting at 4c. and 4½c. per yard.

Good Sea Island Goods at 5c. per yard.

Holt's Plaid Homespun at 3½c. and 5s. per yard.

Holt's 10c. Pants Goods at 8½c per yard.

Bed Ticking at 5c. and up.

Sheeting 6-4, 8-4 and 10-4.

Sheets, ready made, at 50c. and 69c. each.

Dotted Swiss, white and colored, Lace and all grades of Scrim for curtains.

Silkaline and all other drapery goods.

If you want Table Linens we can suit you in price and quality.

We are showing as pretty a line of Silks for shirt waists as you could find in a large city store, also a splendid assortment of triming silks.

Shoe Department.

Hamilton Brown Shoe Co. claim to make and sell more shoes for net cash than any other shoe house in the world. Their sales in 1897 were between five and six million dollars. Our manager has sold these shoes for the last six years along with Banister's, Ziegler's and other high-priced shoes, and they have given just as good service, just as good satisfaction as the higher priced shoes and at little more than half the expense to the wearer. We have secured exclusive control of the sales at Fayetteville of every shoe that the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co. make. We have the following brands in stock:

Men's black whole stock calf in coin, globe and extreme width toes, lace and congress, at $2 50 per pair.

Men's black vici kid globe and coin-toes, lace and congress, at $2 69 per pair.

Men's dark tan, coin toe, lace, at $2.98 per pair.

Dark tans, coin toe, heavy extension soles, made for fat men, at $3.19 per pair.

We claim that the above shoes are as correct in style and finish and will wear as well as the shoes you have been paying $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 for. Another pair of shoes or your money back if they don't.

Our Men's black Shoes, made of calf skin in all the late shapes, lace and congress, is a very neat shoe and a splendid wearer. Every pair is warranted. It is the best shoe on the market for $1.98. Our men's tan shoe at $1.98, coin toe, lace, is the best shoe you ever bought for the money.

We have a splendid stock of men shoes, all shapes, at 89c., 90c., 98c., $1 00 $1.19. $1.25. $1 35 $1.39 and $1.44 per pair. You can't duplicate any of these shoes at the prices elsewhere.

Our line of youths' and boys' shoes is complete. Black and tan, 8's, 12's, 13's to 2's and 3's to 5's at 40c., 65c., 75c., 90c., 98c., $1.19, $1 29, $1.44 and $1.48 per pair.

Our Hamilton Brown Shoe Co.'s shoes for ladies, at $2.50, in black, are up-to-date in every respect, and just as good as the shoes you have been paying $3.00 for.

The same make as above in black and dark tan—all the new shapes—at $1.98 per pair, are regular $2 50 sellers.

We have a line of ladies' shoes, light and medium weights, all shapes, brand new goods at 69c., 75c., 79c., 85c., $1.00, $1.19, $1 24, $1 29 and 1.48 per pair. These shoes are as staple as A A sheeting and every pair is a bargain at the price.

Our line of Oxford ties and slippers is complete. It will pay you to see them before you buy.

We have a splendid assortment of childrens' and misses shoes, every pair new and up to date.

Remember that every shoe mentioned in this ad. is new, up to-date in every detail, and that we can save you about 25 per cent. on anything you may need in footwear.

Our Ten Cent Counter.

WHAT TEN CENTS WILL BUY.

1 large glass berry dish,
1 glass high-footed bowl for preserves,
1 glass butter dish and cover,
1 high sugar bowl and cover,
1 round scalloped dish,
1 oblong heavy dish,
1 half gallon glass pitcher,
1 glass caster containing 1 pepper and salt shaker,
1 8 quart tin dish pan,
1 10 quart tin bucket,
1 one gallon coffee pot,
1 muffin pan, 6 pans on sheet,
1 13-inch round waiter, exact imitation of silver plated goods,
1 14-inch Japaned waiter with gilt bands,
1 16 inch Japaned waiter with gilt bands,
1 18 inch same as above,
1 large enameled or iron agate dipper,
1 large enameled or iron agate wash basin,
1 2 quart enameled or agate stew pan,
1 3-quart same as above.
1 2 quart enameled or agate deep pudding pan,
1 enameled or agate biscuit pan, three sizes to choose from.
1 large rubber comb. Would be cheap at 15 cents.
1 quire heavy fools cap or legal cap paper.
1 large carpenters' hammer,
1 large steel, solid back curry comb,
1 horse brush, 1 blacking brush,
1 shoe dauber,
1 shaving brush—a good one,
1 china cup and saucer,
1 ironstone china cup and saucer, any size or shape you want,
1 handsome stone cuspido or spittoon, richly painted in assorted colors and flowers. You have paid 25c. for goods just like them.

Any size flower jar up to 1½ gallon.

1 breakfast, dinner or tea plate ironstone china, white, decorated and plain, 6 for 50 cents.
1 dozen cedar pencils with rubber.
1 gilt band assortment of glassware—10c. for any piece in it.

We haven't room to mention all the bargains on our 10c. counter.

☞We invite the public to examine our 5 and 25c. counters.☜

It is impossible to mention the thousands of articles carried in the several departments of our immense store. We simply try to give you an idea of the stock we carry and the very low prices at which we are offering our goods. Our store is the 1st dry goods house on main or Hay Street as you come in from either of the rail roads. We have one of the handsomest stores in the city. Our store and the LaFayette Hotel and Williams building make the handsomest block in the city. Bring this ad. with you and see that we live up to it. We want your business. You will make money by giving it to us. A trial will convince you. Write for samples.

M. F. CRAWFORD & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods Department Store,
No. 50 Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

A. E. RANKIN CO.

We have a large stock of all grades of

MICHIGAN FLOUR

and we expect to keep this flour from now on.

Michigan Flours are the most reliable that can be had.

OUR FLOUR —IS— Guaranteed Absolutely Pure.

We can sell you a

Nice Buggy

very cheap for cash

or on time with good paper.

A. E. RANKIN CO.

CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!! CLOTHING!!!

CLOTHING FOR MEN.
CLOTHING FOR BOYS,
CLOTHING for Little Kids.

Clothing in regular sizes,
Clothing in extra sizes,
Clothing for short, stout men,
Clothing for tall, slim men,

—in fact, clothing to fit all sorts and conditions of men.

We sell the best clothing at prices usually asked for cheap clothing. We sell clothing that fits, clothing that keeps in shape, clothing that does not rip, clothing that does not fade. When you want reliable clothing and stylish clothing, ask for clothing made by Strouse & Bros, known as "HIGH ART CLOTHING" and sold only at the clothing store of

J. A. BURNS & CO.

While calling attention to our stock of clothing, we would simply mention the fact that we carry the most complete lines of

Hats and Caps, Shirts and Underwear,

Collars and Cuffs, Neckwear and Suspenders, Socks and Handerchiefs, Notions and Jewelry, Umbrellas and MEN'S FINE SHOES.

We are manufacturers' agents for the Sweet, Orr & Co.'s

Overalls and Workingmen's Shirts.

We are in the lead and intend to stay there. Can't afford to be undersold.

Will make it to your interest to buy your clothing, Hats and all goods in this line from

Yours truly,

J. A. BURNS & CO.,
Thornton Block, Fayetteville, N. C.

WALTER WATSON'S HARDWARE HOUSE

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Lumber and Building Material

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Thoroughly Dried Material Always On Hand.

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, AND MOULDINGS

Farming Implements

OF ALL KINDS,

Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Rakes, Ploughs, Forks, &c.

SIX FT. WIRE NETTING.

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER ON THIS MATERIAL

Steam Fixtures for Saw Mills.

Agent for the Frick Co. Engines and Machinery.

☞ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON PLANTS OF ANY CAPACITY.

Yours Respectfully,

WALTER WATSON.

Dunn Hardware and Furniture Company,

DUNN, N. C.

The Cheapest Place to buy your Hardware and Furniture

We have just bought a BANKRUPT STOCK and have bargains to offer Will give you just a few below to let you know that we mean business.

250 Boy Dixie Plows at 88c.
100 No. 7 OK Cook Stoves $7.00.
500 Kegs of Nails $1.70.

We carry a complete line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Asbestos, Guns, Soapstones. Toe Packing, Mill and Engine supplies, and will sell you for less money than you can buy South of Dixon Line.

Give us a chance and you will be our customer.

Dunn Hardware and Furniture Company

HALLIDAY & PRIVETT.

The South Side Carriers

For Strawberries, Peaches, Grapes, Peas, Beans, &c.,

with all the latest ideas in shipping packages and prices. Send for illustrated descriptive catalogue

SOUTH SIDE MF'G CO.,
Petersburg, Va.

A. S. Huske, Agent, Fayetteville, N. C.

AT THE CLUB,

on the street, or when spending a social evening with friends, a man should always have his linen immaculate in color and neat in its get-up. If you would have your shirts, collars and cuffs irreproachable in color and artistic in finish, have them laundered at the Fayetteville Steam Laundry. Superlative satisfaction is the inevitable result.

LEDBETTER BROS.,
Fayetteville Steam Laundry.
'Phone 42.

Secret of Beauty

is health. The secret of health is the power to digest and assimilate a proper quanity of food. This can never be done when the liver does not act it's part.

Do you know this?

Tutt's Liver Pills are an absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, constipation, torpid liver, piles, jaundice, bilious fever, biliousness and kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

THE SITUATION.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

EXCITING SCENES YESTERDAY.

Wednesday witnessed the most exciting scences in congress since the civil war. The great Republican majority in the House shut out the Democratic and Populist minority report, after allowing a debate of only forty minutes, and passed the resolutions as reported from the House Committee. The debate was limited in order to prevent just criticism of the administration's policy. After the minority's report was defeated, the minority then voted for the majority report as the next best (or worse) thing.

The Senate will not pass it's resolutions today, and it is more than probable that the House resolutions will not stand, but others more in accord with the Democratic and people's dedemands will be agreed upon and passed.

The Republicans in congress are a disgrace to the nation. Instead of carrying out their own opinions they seek to prop up this rotten administration, by "dishwater" resolutions, forcing some Democrats to vote for them under protest. They will never be concurred in by the Senate, which is now the real representative of the people as well as of the States.

The majority resolutions, though distasteful to the Democrats and Populists, finally passed by a vote of 324 to 19, and are as follows:

"Whereas, the government of Spain for three years past has been waging war on the island of Cuba against a revolution by the inhabitants thereof without making any substantial progress toward the suppression of said resolution, and has conducted the warfare in a manner contrary to the laws of nations by methods inhuman and uncivilized, causing the death by starvation of more than two hundred thousand innocent non-combatants, the victims being for the most part helpless women and children, inflicting intolerable injury to the commercial interests of the United States, involving the destruction of the lives and property of many of our citizens, entailing the expenditure of millions of money in patrolling our coasts and policing the high seas in order to maintain our neutrality; and,

"Whereas, this long series of losses, injuries and burdens for which Spain is responsible has culminated in the destruction of the United States battleship Maine in the harbor of Havana and in the death of 260 of our seamen.

"Resolved, etc., That the President is hereby authorized and directed to intervene at once to stop the war in Cuba to the end and with the purpose of securing permanent peace and order there and establishing by the free action of the people thereof a stable and independent government of their own in the island of Cuba; and the President is hereby authorized and empowered to use the land and naval forces of the United States to execute the purpose of this resolution."

The minority resolutions were substantially, as follows:

"Be it resolved, by the senate and the house of representatives of the United States of America;

"First—That the people of the island of Cuba are, and of right, ought to be free and independent;

"Second—That the government of the United States hereby recognizes the republic of Cuba as the true and lawful government of that island.

3rd. "That the war Spain is waging against Cuba is so destructive of the commercial and property interests of the United States, and so cruel, barbarous and inhuman in its character as to make it the duty of the United States to demand, and the government of the United States does hereby demand, that she at once withdraw her land and naval forces from Cuba.

"Fourth—That the President of the United States be, and is hereby authorized, empowered and directed to use, if necessary, the entire land and naval forces of the United States to carry these resolutions in effect."

While the resolutions were before the house an altercation took place (as told in yesterday's OBSERVER) which came near precipitating a big fight. Mr. Bartlett, of Georgia, and Mr. Brumm, of Pennsylvania, got into an altercation and the latter called the former a liar.

Instantly Mr. Bartlett reached for a large bound copy of the of the Congressional Record, in the desk before him and raising it aloft, hurled it at his adversary. It fell short and then the two antagonists rushed for each other. The House was immediately in an uproar. Some of the ladies in the galleries screamed hysterically. Members crowded toward the combatants from all quarters. They ran across the area in front of the Speaker's desk and crowded up the adjoining aisles, tugging, hauling at each other like mad men. It was like a free fight in the street. Meantime Mr. Bartlett and Mr. Brumm were trying to get at each other over the benches but they were borne back by friends. Mr. Bartlett, a stalwart, broad shouldered hoosier, blocked the path of Mr. Brumm, who is himself evidently a man of great physical vigor. In the efforts to stop Mr. Brumm, Mr. Miers became involved with Mr. Pierce, of Missouri, and they almost came to blows. All this time the gaval of the Speaker was heard above the awful din and his voice was commanding the Sergeant at Arms to restore order. Armed with the great silver mace, the emblem of the authority of the House, Col. Russell, the Sergeant at Arms repeatedly charged the thick mass of struggling members, but was often swept aside. One of the other employes, Griffin Halstead, a son of Murat Halstead, while attempting to pacify Mr. Brumm was felled by a blow on the jaw. At last by the efforts of a dozen muscular members the belligerents were separated, the angry legislators retired to their seats and a semblance or order was restored.

THE SENATE.

The resolutions before the Senate are stronger and clearer than those before the House. They are the same as we published before. We give them again:

First. That the people of the island of Cuba are and of right ought to be free and independent.

Second. That the war Spain is waging against Cuba is so destructive of the commercial and property interests of the United States, so cruel, barbarous and inhuman, in its character as to make it the duty of the United States to demand the withdrawal of her land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

Third. That the President is hereby authorized, empowered and DIRECTED to use if necessary the entire land and naval forces of the United States to carry these resolutions into effect.

(From Friday's Daily.)

McKinley's Hope About to be Realized.

It is now reported that the foreign powers will address a note to this government protesting against our interference in Spanish affairs. It is also said that they will engage in a naval demonstration, to overawe us. At last Mark Hanna, Stephen B. Elkins and John H. McCook, and other Spanish bondholders, are about to realize their ambition, the shame of this nation for the sake of their own foul wealth, and all this through the President of this great nation, who, instead of being a traitor, and a person few in this country trust and respect, should be a patriot and a man of honor and integrity.

But the nation will not lie domant under this shame, for Mark Hanna and all his minions, including a part of the House of Representatives, cannot control the just indignation of the American people, when once aroused, and it is aroused. McKinley has been asked to take $118,000 out of the emergency fund and pay Hanna what he owes him, and to cut loose from that gang and become a patriot, but he has turned a deaf ear to all entreaties and he stands convicted before the American people as a pious fraud.

SPAIN MAY DECLARE WAR.

A press dispatch from Madrid this morning says:

Upon the arrival of Weyler here today, a strong force of police guarded the route from the railway station to Weyler's residence, and so rigorous were the measures adopted against a demonstration that the latter failed to materialize.

The popular rancor against the present government is greatly appeased tonight, by the widespread and apparently inspired reports that the government has decided upon an immediate declaration of war against the United States. Everything is quiet, however, as yet, the people believing in the government's resolve, and are waiting the signal for war.

FILIBUSTERING.

The Senate adjourned last night after the friends of Cuba and the advocates of armed intervention had failed to secure from the conservatives an agreement on the time when the vote is to be taken on the Cuban resolutions.

The Spanish Minister has sealed the official archives of the Spanish Legation and arranged with the French Ambassador to care for them, though he has not been officially recalled as reported all over Washington yesterday afternoon.

Senor Polo has refused to accept any more social courtesies from the American cabinet members or the administration, in view of the action of the Senate and House committees yester day.

El Correo, this morning (Friday,) in an article inspired by the Ministry, publishes an article saying that the Cabinet this afternoon decided to protest to the powers against the "calumnious charges" of the American Senate, and that it has also authorized the instant recall of Minister Polo y Bernabe, if McKinley accepts the resolutions of Congress attacking Spain's sovereignty in Cuba.

THE PRESIDENT'S POSITION DEFINED.

The New York Evening Post, the personal organ of the President, thus defined his message:

It is throughout, the message of a peace loving statesman, calm, candid, and thoroughly rational. He does not recommend war, but recommends that power be given to him to make war if necessary. He acknowledges all the Spanish concessions, but leaves it to congress to say what weight should be attached to them, including the armistice. He does not insist on the expulsions of the Spanish from the Island. * * In short he has justified all the praise we have bestowed on him, followed the line we have all along hoped for, and has confounded his bloodthirsty slanderers.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

At 9:30 Friday night, after the Senate had been in continuous session for 12 hours, an agreement was reached to adjourn with the understanding that a vote would be had Saturday.

The four American Liners, the New York, Paris, St. Louis and St. Paul, were added to the navy yesterday by lease, and twelve other steamers and tugs were purchased outright.

The London morning papers generally dismiss the rumors as to the intervention of the European concert as absurd and baseless.

The Daily Chronicle, taking it for granted that there is some truth in the reports of a new European concert for coercion, devotes an editorial to urging England not to join. It says: "Our concern is to see that England is not once more dragged at the heels of despots and made to play the game of the latest of the rotten tyrannies that encumber the earth.

"It was easy to coerce Greece, but America stands in a different category. She is a very great power, intensely proud and entirely self-contained. Her fate has been to undertake a task peculiarly arduous and thankless. She is not going to be bullied by the heroes of the Cretan blockade, and if the movement against her is pressed too far she will be compelled in her own interests to clear the situation.

"Our present purpose is to insist that our government does best by using every means in its power to defeat the anti-American combination. If there be any doubt about the feelings of the great majority of the nation we shall be happy to try the experiment of marching 100,000 Londoners through the metropolis with the union jack and the stars and stripes in combination. It is the business of the mother country to stand by her children of the west as stiffly and strongly as one country can by another."

The Times, which attaches no importance to the rumors of a European demonstration against the United States, says:

"England would assuredly be no party to such a demonstration but it is even more absurd to suggest that because England sympathizes with American indignation at Cuban horrors, the British government ought to rush into armed alliance with the United States for a settlement of a question in which we have no immediate concern.

The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Mail says be learns the German government will fight shy of identifying itself with any note to Washington which would be likely to be regarded as an unwarrantable interference.

THE ASSIGNMENT OF TROOPS.

The War Department has revised its assignment of troops. They will go to the following places:

Infantry—To New Orleans, 1st, 7th, 8th, 12th, 16th, 18th, 23rd and 24th.

To Mobile. 2nd, 3rd, 10th, 11th, 19th, 20th and 22nd.

To Tampa, 4th, 5th, 6th, 9th, 13th, 17th and 21st.

Cavalry—To Chickamauga: First, second, third, sixth, ninth and tenth.

In the Artillery all light batteries and Artillery regiments except in the sixth and seventh, which were recently organized under act of Congress, go to Chickamauga.

Children like it, it saves their lives. We mean One Minute Cough Cure, the infallible remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, and all throat and lung troubles. KING BROS.

War Bonds to be Issued

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Washington, April 16.—Representative Connan, after a conference with the President, says that two hundred million war bonds will be issued next week. Senator Wellington made a strong peace speech in the Senate this afternoon praising the generosity and sincerity of Spain.

SIXTEEN YEARS

His Wife Had Been a Chronic Invalid —Cured at Last.

Mr. J. T. Scott, Cherokee, Texas, in writing to Dr. Hartman, stated: "I had kidney disease for about fifteen years and had got so bad that I could hardly get about and could not perform any kind of labor. I had tried quite a number of doctors and had taken nearly a wagon-load of patent and proprietary medicines, but continued to gradually grow worse. Also, my wife had been an invalid for about sixteen years, and you doubtless remember when I wrote you about her, there was hardly ever a day that she could sit up all day. We tried a great many remedies, but neither of us was ever benefited, only temporarily, till we began taking your Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin, as instructed in your letters to us. It has made a healthy man of me; I never felt better in my life and my wife is almost like a different person, she is so much better. The Pe-ru-na is the most wonderful medicine I ever saw; for la grippe it is a sure cure I know this and have had my neighbor to try it."

Hundreds of similar testimonials may be found in a little book entitled "Facts and Faces," which will be sent free to any address by The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio.

Now Build Up with

Now is the time that every one should take a spring tonic to strengthen the system and prepare for the extra demands of Nature. Every spring the system is thoroughly overhauled—there is a general housecleaning going on within. The impurities that have been accumulating for a year must be gotten rid of, and the system renovated and prepared for the siege of summer. Unless Nature is assisted in this task, the strain on the system is too severe, and a breakdown is the result. Some people neglect to supply this assistance, and as a result they are overcome by an enervating, depressed feeling, their energies relax, appetite fails, and they are totally disabled for a season. Everybody just now needs a tonic, and Swift's Specific

S.S.S. For The Blood

is logically the best tonic on the market. The general health needs building up, hence a tonic is needed that is entirely harmless. S. S. S. is purely vegetable, and is the only blood remedy that is guaranteed to contain no potash, mercury, or other harmful mineral ingredient. It is Nature's remedy, being made from roots and herbs gathered from Nature's great storehouse. It thoroughly cleanses the blood of all impurities, tones up the general health, renews the appetite and imparts new life and vigor to the entire system. Dangerous typhoid fever and other prevalent summer diseases seldom attack a person whose system is thoroughly cleansed and toned up with S. S. S. in the spring. Get S. S. S. and be prepared. Sold by all druggists.

Swift's Specific

ABLEST GERMAN JOURNALIST IN U. S.

Preetorius of the Westliche Post Uses

Paine's Celery Compound.

The St. Louis Westliche Post is the leading German daily of the Mississippi valley, and one of the few great German newspapers in the United States.

Established in 1857, it soon passed into the hands of Dr Emil Preetorius and the Hon. Carl Schurz. For 40 years the Westliche Post has shown the most effective devotion to honorable and progressive ideas.

Edward Preetorius, business manager and treasurer, is a man of distinction throughout the Southwest, and is known to many thousands in other portions of the country for his broad business methods, and for the commanding influence of his journal in national, state and city politics.

Mr. Preetorius is an indefatigable worker. Subjected by his profession to unusual business cares, overwork and sudden demands upon his nervous strength, his personal experience and his estimate of Paine's celery compound must have exceptional weight, especially with brain workers, and men and women whose nerves are incessantly called on, as if they were of iron and steel, and not the most sensitive parts of the body.

Mr. Preetorius' letter, given below, shows his confidence in America's greatest remedy.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 15, 1898.

Messrs. Wells & Richardson Co.,

Gentlemen:— I have found that Paine's celery compound is the only remedy that will restore the nerves which have been shattered by overwork, worry or business cares.

I can certainly recommend it without hesitation to all those in need of such a reconstructant of the nervous system.

Yours truly,

EDWARD L. PREETORIUS.

The relative merit and efficiency of Paine's celery compound, in comparison with all other remedies for making people well, is clearly shown in the intelligent character and responsible standing of the people who today rely on it to cure insomnia, nervous debility, persistent headaches and rundown condition

Its power of rapidly repairing the tissues and cleansing the blood makes Paine's celery compound the great saver of life that it is. It brings just the needed nutriment to the weakened nerve tissues all over the body, and increases the volume of healthy blood, so that a breakdown of some vital part is averted.

The story of the discovery and unparalleled success of paine's celery compound is the story of a high purpose steadfastly followed, the final work of the lifelong study of the nervous system in health and disease by Pro. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D, of the Dartmouth medical faculty.

In this greatest of all remedies there is hope for every person distressed by symptoms of dyspepsia, impure blood, failing vigor or low nervous condition.

In the Senate.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Washington, April 16. — Senator Cannon opened the debate this morning in a vigorous speech in favor of the recognition of the Cuban government.

When the Senate met this morning it was with the understanding that before adjournment today a vote would be taken on the foreign relations committee's resolutions. The exact time of the vote can't be stated, probably late this evening. Possibly legislative day may be carried over to Sunday. If the House can be prevailed upon to hold a Sunday session the joint action of Congress can be finally arranged so that ultimately the resolutions can go to Spain Monday. This is not likely. Orders to mobolize the troops in the South cause great activity in the Navy and War Departments. Purchasing ships and navy supplies is giving both departments heavy work.

Senator Cannon in his speech charged the President with being vacillating without purpose, and without policy; one thing today and another tomorrow. He declared himself for the recognition of the existing government of Cuba because he believed that to be the logic of the committee's report. There is but one way for peace that is through the brazen gate of war.

Senator Allen followed Senator Cannon. He said he wanted to protest against the so-called powers entering the White House and telling Americans what they should do respecting the policy to be pursued on this hemisphere. "I cannot understand why the President didn't dictate to these so-called powers that the presentation of their note would be a violation of all the traditions and all the doctrines of this country. Now I'm told these so-called powers are mustering themselves for another assault upon the White House.

Senator Allen, in urging the recognittion of the insurgents, predicted that if we interfered in Cuba without recognition within twenty four months these same powers would be inviting us to an international arbitration on the liability of the United States for Spanish Cuban indebtedness. Mr. Allen was proceeding to outline his career as a private when time was called. Senator Burrows, of Michigan, spoke next.

Mr. Burrows, following announced himself as in favor of the President's policy. He said the President was subjected to unjust and cruel criticism. His critics should imitate the patriotism of Benjamin Harrison who said "when a pilot is hired to steer the ship through the rapids it does more harm than good for the passengers to tell him how to steer." Mr. Burrows added that he was for intervention prompt, speedy and armed, and it would be a step sanctioned by precedents and nations and would gain the approval of all christendom. He said intervention only was necessary, and not war. If Spain resists our effort, she would become the aggressor and in such a conflict she would loose the sympathy and support of the christian world.

Senator Platt followed Senator Burrows and is saying that the time for oratory and impassiohed utterances is passed, that the time has never been for hot words, epithets or intemperate zeal. Oratory does not bombard Morro Castle. Strong words may wound the President, but will not pierce the armor of Spanish ships. He believed that the desired result might have been accomplished peacefully if it had not been for misstatements of those who desired to plunge the country into war.

"Remember the Maine."

From the New York Tribune.

There is one supreme wrong, for which fullest reparation is urgently demanded. Whatever else may be forgotten, it never can be. Whatever else may be compromised, it never can be. It involves within itself every element of wrong that any and all the rest contain, and more. It touches at once the financial interests of the nation, the security of property, the sanctity of human lives and the honor of the nation.

That is the destruction of the Maine. It is to be kept in mind whatever of peaceful negotions may yet be possible. It is to furnish the chief rallying cry in war, if war there be. There must be reparation for that awful wrong. The other injuries this nation has suffered must be atoned for, but the Maine must be remembered. The woes of the Cuban people must be abated, but the Maine must be remembered. The life-long menace to American peace and welfare must at last be ended, but the Maine must be remembered. The outrage upon humanity must be abolished, but the Maine must be remembered. There can be no settlement of the Cuban question until that part of it is settled. "Remember the Alamo!" was the cry of the Texans in their war for independence, more than half a century ago. Spain will have no one to blame but herself if her flag is forced to vanish from the western hemisphere to the cry of "Remember the Maine!"

CURES TO STAY CURED.

Thousands of voluntary certificates received during the past fifteen years, certify with no uncertain sound, that Botanic Blood Balm, (B. B. B.) will cure to stay cured, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Ulcers, Sores, Blotches, and the most malignant blood and skin diseases. Botanic Blood Balm is the result of forty years experience of an eminent, scientific and conscientious physician. Send stamp for book of wonderful cures, and learn which is the best remedy. Beware of substitutes said to be "just as good" and buy the long-tested and old reliable Botanic Blood Balm, (B. B. B.) Price only $1. 00 per large bottle.

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Land Sale for Taxes.

On Monday, the 2nd day of May, I will expose to Public Auction Sale, at the Court House door in the City of Fayetteville, N. C., the following lands to satisfy the City taxes for the year 1896 and for the cost.

S. W. TILLINGHAST,
Tax Collector
for City of Fayetteville, N. C.

Austin, Dallas, residence Moore street,	$5 54
Bain, Edward, 1 vacant North street,	2 80
Bain, Richard, 1 residence North street,	6 13
Beard, Mike, estate, res Hillsboro,	1 50
Bryant, Mary Jane, residence Person st., and 1 improved King street,	5 00
Barge, Amelia, 1 improved Chatham st.,	2 65
Carver, Adam, residence Grove street,	2 25
Cox, Esther, residence Lamon street,	2 50
Clegg, Mrs Peter, residence Orange st.,	2 00
Campbell, E J., residence Blount street,	2 00
Douglass, Jas., residence Blount street,	1 50
Evans, Dan., Moore, formerly Bain's,	3 00
Evans, Susan, residence Hillsboro street,	1 50
Fuller, Thos., former Moriah residence.	4 30
Fuller, G. W., for Tempey, residence C,	65
Fuller, W. M., vacant Person street,	65
Hall, Matt. residence Ramsey street,	3 30
Hodges, M. A., residence Bass street,	1 50
Jones, Martin, improved Ramsey street,	1 00
Leary, J. S., Ramsay and North street,	10 50
Mainor, J. J., residence Moore street,	4 63
Martin, Margaret, residence Russell street,	1 50
Moore, Charlotte, vacant, King street,	50
Monroe, W. C., residence Orange street,	2 00
Neal, Joseph, Worth street,	1 50
Owens, Natt, residence Moore street,	5 30
Overby, C. P., store Person street, 1 residence Hillsborough street, 1 improved Frink Alley, 1 vacant Chancey street,	21 50
Phillips, H. C., 1 Frink Alley,	1 50
Robinson, Nathan, improved Worth st., 1 vacant " "	5 30
Roberts, Mrs. A. W. residence Mumford,	5 25
Smith, L. J., residence Chatham street,	3 50
Surles, Isaac, residence Broad street,	1 75
Surles, Abby, vacant Redbone	25
Sellers, A, W., residence Campbellton, office Bow street,	9 25
Simmons, R. H., 1 Gillespie street, 3 Russell street, 2 Cool Spring, 1 Wilmington Road,	13 00
Tyson Dennis, 1 improved Blount street,	3 30
Waddill Lucy, residence Moore street,	2 50
Williamson Missouri, Cool Spring street,	2 00
Williams, Harrison, res. Hillsborough,	2 00
Williams, Hannah, improved Chancey,	2 50
Williams, Elizabeth L., vacant,	1 50
Williams, Lizzie, residence near Chapel,	1 50
Butler, Ella, vacant Person street,	65
Benton, Thos, 2 Orange street,	3 50
Beebe Ed, improvement Orange street,	3 80
Carver, Dina G., residence Blount street,	2 00
Chaviss, Juda, residence Ramsey street,	1 10
Coble, M. E. residence Ramsey street,	1 00
Fairley, Mrs. Frank, residence Mechanic,	2 50
Galloway, L. H., vacant, joins Clark,	50
Hunt, Oliver, improved Grove street,	3 00
Hethcock, Alice, 1 Russell street.	1 50
Lawrence, Mistress A. E., res. Orange st.,	2 00
Lanier, Bennett, Residence Frink Alley,	2 50
Maxwell, estate of Mrs K., res. Blount,	1 50
McSwain, Alfred, estate, res. Redbone,	1 50
Owen, S. H., improved Broad street,	1 00
Ochiltree, Tom, Wilmington Road,	1 50
Phillips, Thos., residence Frink Alley,	1 50
Perrin, Mrs. L., residence Frink Alley,	3 00
Turlington, Mistress Ann, res. Junction,	50
Williams, J. P. vacant Mallett's pond,	2 00
Williams, Sarah, Ex, 2 vacant Gillespie,	8 50

WANTED Boys and Girls.

We will send any reputable boy or girl a $3 00 lot of our Vegetable and Flower Seeds (any kind wanted) and will give a *nice Nickel Stem Wind and Set Watch* when the seed are sold. No money in advance, simply write us you accept this offer and we will forward the seed charges paid. We only ask that settlement be made in thirty days. Seeds are needed by every one and you can earn a watch easily. None are better than *King's Northern Grown.* We have *World's Fair Medal and Diploma,* and make big offers to get you to help us introduce our brands. We give *Suits of Clothes, Bicycles, Buggies, Guns and many other valuable articles.* Write us a postal to-day and commence a nice little business.

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CROATAN..........Saturday, April 16

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK

CROATAN..........Saturday, April 9
ONEIDA..........Saturday, April 16

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.

CROATAN..........Tuesday, April 5
ONEIDA..........Tuesday, April 12

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If you are going to Arkansas, Texas, Indian Territory, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah, New Mexico, Arizona, Oregon, California, or anywhere west of the Mississippi River, you will find it to your interest to communicate with the undersigned.

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Free reclining chairs. Write for maps-books, etc. I will take pleasure in calling on you in person and assist you in getting off in good shape. We are the short line to all points west, and the only line to Hot Springs, Ark.

I E REHLANDER,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
No. 103 Read House,
Chattanooga, Tenn.

Notice of Sale Under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain deed of Mortgage, executed by J. M. Goddard and wife, which is recorded in the office of the register of deeds for Cumberland county, in book A, No. 5, page 197, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz: A house and lot in Fayetteville, N. C., described as follows:

Beginning at a stake, corner Hillsboro and Moore street, in Fayetteville, N. C; thence with the east edge of Hillsboro street 3 chains and 35 links to a stake, the corner of William Overby lot; thence with his line South 71 east 2 chains 50 links to a stake, corner of E. Fuller's lot; thence south 4 west 3 chains 42½ links to Moore street; thence with the north edge of Moore street to the beginning; excepting, however, from the above, the lot of land heretofore sold by the parties of the first part, beginning at the corner of Hillsboro and Moore street, and runs thence south 65° 31' east 70 feet 9 inches to a stake, the corner; thence north 16 east 61½ feet to the well, the corner; thence north 6 east 159 feet to a stake, the corner; thence north 68° 31' west 91 feet to a stake, the corner; thence south 3° 31' west 221 feet to the beginning. Said lot excepted from the operation of this deed being 40-100 of an acre.

Place of sale, Market House, Fayetteville, N. C.

Time of sale, Thursday, May 12, 1898, 12 M.

Terms of sale, cash.

N. A. SINCLAIR,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

April 9, 1898.

Notice of Sale under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain deed of mortgage, executed by James Douglas and wife, which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County, in Book Z, No. 4, page 241, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz: All that tract of land situated in the County of Cumberland, in the State of North Carolina, in Fayetteville, bounded as follows: On the east side of Blount's Creek, beginning at a stake, the corner in Hawley's line and running thence north 1 chain 4 links to a stake in the edge of a street, the corner; thence as said street east 2 chains 30 links to Hawley's line; thence with it S. 2° W. 1 chain 10 links to Hawley's other line or corner; thence direct to the beginning, being the same lot as was conveyed to said James Douglas by J. M. Rose, President of Blount's Creek Manufacturing Company, dated July 22nd, 1897, now duly filed for registration.

Place of sale: Market House, Fayetteville, N. C.

Time of Sale: 12 M., Monday, May 2nd, 1898.

Terms of Sale: Cash.

N. A. SINCLAIR,
March 31, '98. Att'y for Mortgagee.

Notice of Sale Under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain deed of mortgage, executed by Thos. H. Williams and wife, which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland county, in book W, No 4, page 245, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz: The following piece or parcel of land, situated, lying and being in the County of Cumberland, in the State of North Carolina, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake in the northeast corner of a lot given by Alex. Williams to Alice Hall, running thence S. 10¼ W. 190 feet to a stone; thence S. 82¼ E., an easterly variation of 2¼ degrees allowed, 44 feet to a stone; thence north 190 feet to a stone; thence westwardly up Person street to the beginning.

Place of sale: Market House, Fayetteville, N. C.

Time of sale: 12 M., Monday, May 2nd, 1898.

Terms of sale: Cash.

This March 31st, 1898.

N. A. SINCLAIR,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

North Carolina,
CUMBERLAND COUNTY.
In Probate Court.

David Sessoms, Admr, of D. T. Horne, dec'd, vs. L. A. Sessoms et al.--Notice.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Probate Court of Cumberland County, to sell a certain parcel of land situated in Cedar Creek Township in said county, for the purpose of making assets to pay debts; and the said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear at the office of the clerk of the Superior Court, for said county on the 2nd day of May, 1898, at the court house of said county, in Fayetteville, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

CYRUS MURPHY, C. S. C.

J. G. SHAW, Att'y.

This March 26th, 1898. (oaw) 6 times.

Administrator's Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, as administrator of M. Faulk, deceased, I will sell at the Court House in Fayetteville on Saturday, the 30th day of April, 1898, that valuable plantation on the West side of the Wilmington road about three miles from Fayetteville, and known as the "Smith place;" containing about one hundred and thirty acres. Terms, one-half cash, balance in three months. Title reserved until purchase money is paid.

J. H. MARSH, Administrator.

March 28, 1898.

Administrator's Notice.

Having this day qualified as administrator on the estate of Philip H. Biggs, dec'd, the undersigned hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against the said estate to present the same duly authenticated on or before the 19th day of March, 1899, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the said estate will please make immediate payment.

I. A. MURCHISON,
March 18, 1898. Administrator.

C.F. & Y.V. CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY.

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE

In Effect April 10th, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 Daily
Leave Wilmington,	9 00 a m
Arrive Fayetteville,	12 10 p m
Leave Fayetteville,	12 18 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	12 25 "
Leave Sanford,	1 43 "
Leave Climax,	3 47 "
Arrive Greensboro,	4 20 "
Leave Greensboro,	4 30 "
Leave Stokesdale,	5 17 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	5 47 "
Leave Rural Hall,	6 15 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	7 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 Daily
Leave Mt. Airy,	8 40 a m
Leave Rural Hall,	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale,	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro,	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro,	12 17 p m
Leave Climax,	12 45 "
Leave Sanford,	2 36 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	3 55 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville,	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington,	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4 Daily
Leave Bennettsville,	8 00 a m
Arrive Maxton,	9 02 "
Leave Maxton,	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills,	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3 Daily.
Leave Fayetteville,	4 50 p m
Leave Hope Mills,	5 07 "
Leave Red Springs,	5 43 "
Arrive Maxton,	6 11 "
Leave Maxton,	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ramseur,	6 40 a m
Leave Climax,	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro,	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro,	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale,	11 07 "
Arrive Madison,	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed. Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale,	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro,	2 45 "
Leave Climax,	3 10 "
Arrive Ramseur,	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS

at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, General Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road AND BRANCHES AND FLORENCE RAILROAD.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED April 10, 1898.	No 23, Daily.	No 35, Daily.	No. 103 D'ly ex Sunday.	No 41, Daily.	No 49, Daily.
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Leave Weldon	12 00	9 43			
Ar Rocky Mt.	1 11	10 36			
Leave Tarboro	12 38		6 00		
Lv Rocky Mt,	1 15	10 36	6 45	5 40	1 10
Leave Wilson	2 15	11 16	7 19	6 22	2 37
Leave Selma	3 15	......			
Lv Fayetteville	4 45	1 07			
Ar Florence	7 35	3 15			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar Goldsboro	......	......	8 00	......	......
Lv Goldsboro	......	......		7 01	3 20
Lv Magnolia	......	......		8 05	4 24
Ar Wilmington	......	......		9 30	5 50
			P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78 Daily	No. 102, D'ly ex Sunday.	No 32, Daily	No 40 Daily.	No 48, Daily
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 48		8 15		
Lv Fayetteville	12 18		10 19		
Leave Selma	1 47				
Arrive Wilson	2 35		12 09		
		A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 15	9 30
Lv Magnolia				8 55	10 46
Lv Goldsboro		5 00		10 10	12 05
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson	2 35	5 38	12 12	11 20	12 55
Ar Rocky Mt.	3 29	6 15	12 49	11 57	1 37
Ar Tarboro		6 45			
Leave Tarboro	12 31				
Lv Rocky Mt.	3 29		12 49		
Arrive Weldon	4 33		1 42		
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:55 P M, Halifax 4:30 P M, arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 P M, Greenville 6:57 P M., Kinston 7:55 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A M., Greenville 8:52 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A M, Weldon 11.33 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A. M. and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:00 A. M., and 7:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:30 P M, Sunday, 4:15 P M, arrives Plymouth 7:40 P M, 6:10 P M; Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 A M, and Sunday 9:00 A M, arrives Tarboro 10:05 A M., 11:00 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:10 A M, arriving Smithfield 8:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A M; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A M.

Trains on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8:00 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrives Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 8 10 A M. and 4:15 P M. Returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 A M., and 10.00 A M.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points north daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agent,
J. R. KENLEY, Gen'l Manager. T. M. EMMERSON, Traffic Manager

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